



QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRY

What are Occupational Standards(OS) ?

OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function

OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

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Introduction

Qualifications Pack- Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder

SECTOR/S: CAPITAL GOODS

SUB-SECTOR:

- 1. Machine Tools
- 2. Dies Moulds and Press Tools
- 3. Plastics Manufacturing Machinery
- 4. Textile Manufacturing Machinery

OCCUPATION: Welding and Cutting

REFERENCE ID: CSC/Q0208

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2004/NIL

- 5. Process Plant Machinery
- 6. Electrical and Power Machinery
- 7. Light Engineering Goods

Brief Job Description: Perform manual metal arc welding (MMAW) welding also known as Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW) for a range of standard welding job requirements. This is for a skilled welder who can weld different materials (carbon steel, low alloy steel and austenitic stainless steel) in all positions. The welder can prepare various joints including groove, corner, butt and fillet welds. The welder can set-up and prepare for operations interpreting the right information from the WPS.

Personal Attributes: Basic communication, numerical and computational abilities. Openness to learning, ability to plan and organize own work and identify and solve problems in the course of working. Understanding the need to take initiative and manage self and work to improve efficiency and effectiveness.





	Qualifications Pack Code	CS	C/Q0208	
	Job Role	Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder [Applicable for National Scenarios]		
ils	Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
eta	Sector	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Job Details	Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
	Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021
	NSQC Clearance on	2	2/04/2015	

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Job Role	Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder	
Role Description	Perform manual metal arc welding also known as shielded metal arc welding for producing a range of joints on various forms of materials (carbon steels, low alloy steel and stainless steel) as per welding specification procedures (WPS).	
NSQF level	4	
Minimum Educational Qualifications	10 th Standard pass, preferably	
Maximum Educational Qualifications	Not Applicable	
Prerequisite License or Training	No Previous Training Required	
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 Years	
Experience	No Previous Experience Required	
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	 Compulsory: 1. <u>CSC/N0208 Manually weld carbon steel/ low alloy steel and austenitic stainless steel using Metal Arc Welding / Shielded Metal Arc Welding</u> 2. <u>CSC/N0207 Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc</u> 3. <u>CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas</u> 4. <u>CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace</u> 5. <u>CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others</u> 	
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units	





Keywords /Terms	Description
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.
Job role	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Performance Criteria	Performance criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Qualifications Pack (QP)	QP comprises the set of OSs, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A QP is assigned a unique qualifications pack code.
Electives	Electives are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as contributive to specialization in a job role. There may be multiple electives within a QP for each specialized job role. Trainees must select at least one elective for the successful completion of a QP with Electives.
Options	Options are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as additional skills. There may be multiple options within a QP. It is not mandatory to select any of the options to complete a QP with Options.
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an 'N'
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual need to perform to the required standard.
Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish specific designated responsibilities.





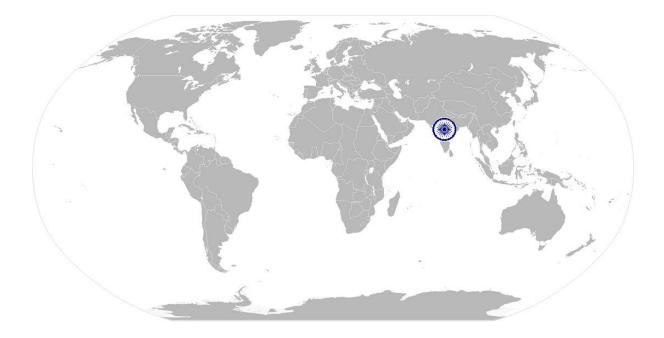
Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment in today's world. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Keywords/ Terms	Description
MMAW	Manual Metal Arc Welding
SMAW	Shielded Metal Arc Welding
WPS	Welding Procedure Speciation
IS	Indian Standards
EN	European Standards
ASME	American Society Of Mechanical Engineers
AC / DC	Alternating Current / Direct Current
VT	Visual Testing
NDT	Non-Destructive Testing
DT	Destructive Testing
RT	Radiographic Testing
UT	Ultrasonic Testing
DPT	Dye Penetrant Testing
MPT	Magnetic Particle Testing
FPT	Fluorescent Penetrant Testing
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
CPR	Cardiac Pulmonary Resuscitation
ISO	International Organization For Standardization
PQR	Process Qualification Record







National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers the performing of manual metal arc welding (MMAW) also known as shielded metal arc welding (SMAW) for producing a range of joints on various forms of metal and metal alloys including carbon steels, low alloy steels and austenitic stainless steel as per welding specification procedures (WPS).







Unit C	Code	CSC/N0208		
Unit T (Task)	ītle	Manually weld carbon steel/ low alloy steel and austenitic stainless steel using Metal Arc Welding/ Shielded Metal Arc Welding		
	iption	This OS unit is about performing manual metal arc welding (MMAW) also known as Shielded Metal Arc Welding (SMAW) for a range of standard welding job requirements. This is for a skilled welder who can weld different materials (carbon steel, low alloy steel and austenitic stainless steel) in 1G/1F, 2G/2F, 3G/3F, 4G/4F, 5G/5F and 6G positions.		
Scope	2	This unit/ task covers the following:		
		 Work safely Prepare for welding operations Carry out welding operations Test for quality Post-welding activities Deal with contingencies 		
Perfo	rmance Criteria(I	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Eleme	ent	Performance Criteria		
	safely	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines PC2. adhere to procedures or systems in place for health and safety, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations Safety precautions (general): general workshop safety; fire prevention; general hazards; manual lifting; overhead lifting; shopfloor housekeeping including surface conditions; waste disposal; stability of surrounding structures, furniture etc. PC3. check the condition of, and correctly connect, welding leads, earthing arrangements and electrode holder PC4. deal with any faults or differential as per laid procedures PC5. follow fume extraction safety procedures 		
Prepa opera	re for welding tions	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC6. read and interpret routine information on written job instructions, welding procedure specifications (WPS) and standard operating procedures WPS: e.g. welding process (ISO codes); parent metal; consumables; pre welding joint preparation (edge preparation, assembly, pre-heat); welding parameters; welding positions (ISO 6947 – PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PF, PG; ASME IX – I-6 G/1-6 F); number and arrangement of runs to fully fill/weld joints; electrode sizes for joint thicknesses; electrode and covering; electrical		







National Occupational Standards

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	conditions required (type of current, alternating [A.C.] direct [D.C.], electrode
	polarity (positive or negative), welding current ranges); welding techniques;
	sequence of welding; control of heat input; preheat/post heat; interpass/run
	cleaning/back gouging methods; post welding activities (wire brushing and
	grinding, removal of excess weld metal where required); post-weld heat
	treatment (normalising, stress relief), etc.
PC7.	select welding machines (e.g. transformers, rectifiers, inverters and
	generators, etc.) according to the task
PC8.	select type and size of electrodes according to classification and specifications
PC9.	re-dry electrodes as per electrode classification requirement
PC10.	prepare the work area for the welding activities
	perform measurements for joint preparation and routine MMAW
	prepare the various forms of materials and the joint in readiness for welding
- 3 K	Materials: Carbon steel, low alloy steel and stainless steels
- 🦪	Forms: plate, sheet (1.5mm), structural section, other forms (hollow tubes,
- -	sections, shapes, etc.)
1200	Joint preparation: made rust free; cleaned – free from scaling, paint, oil/
5	grease; made dry and free from moisture; edges to be welded prepared as
	per job requirement - such as flat, square or bevelled; use various machines
mgp.	and techniques for the above (eg. chamfering machine, grinding and
82	stripping, gas or plasma cutting, etc.); correctly positioned-positioning:
A.	devices and techniques; jigs and fixtures; restraining devices such as clamps
	and weights/blocks; setting up the joint in the correct position and alignment
PC13	tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for
	accuracy before final welding
PC14.	use manual metal-arc welding and related equipment to include a. alternating
	current (AC) equipment b. direct current (DC) equipment
	MMAW equipment: e.g. transformers; rectifiers; generators; invertors;
	consumables – electrodes, dyes; welding accessories - holders, cables and
	accessories; ancillary equipment - (power saw, angle, pedestal and straight
	grinders, tong tester, etc.); electrode drying oven, etc.
PC15.	connect equipment to power source
	connect cables, electrode holders, return leads and ground clamps to
. 010.	appropriate terminal
PC17	set, read and adjust amperage controls
	verify setup by running test and appropriately handle weld specimen/scrap
. 010.	plate
PC19	tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for
	accuracy before final welding







	Metal Arc Welding /Shielded Metal Arc Welding
Carry out welding	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
operations	PC20. strike and maintain a stable arc
	PC21. stop and properly re-start arc to avoid welding defects (scratch start, tapping
	techniques)
	PC22. manipulate electrode angle using various methods as per WPS
	PC23. maintain constant puddle by using appropriate travel speed
	PC24. remove slag in an appropriate manner (eg. wire brush, hammer, etc.)
	PC25. weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile applicable to
	range of material
	PC26. produce range of welded joints to within the mentioned standard using single
	or multi-run welds (as appropriate)
	Joints: fillet and groove
	PC27. produce joints of the required quality and of specified dimensional accuracy
	which achieve a weld quality equivalent to Level C of ISO 5817
	Weld quality standards: required parameters for dimensional accuracy; weld
	finishes are built up to the full section of the weld; joins at stop/start
	positions merge smoothly; weld surface is: free from cracks, substantially free
	from porosity, free from any pronounced hump or crater, substantially free
	from shrinkage cavities, substantially free from trapped slag, substantially
	free from arcing or chipping marks; fillet welds are: equal in leg length,
	slightly convex in profile (where applicable), size of the fillet equivalent to the
	thickness of the material welded: weld contour is: of linear and of uniform
	profile; smooth and free from excessive undulations; regular and has an even
	ripple formation; welds are adequately fused, and there is minimal undercut,
	overlap and surface inclusions; tack welds are blended in to form part of the
	finished weld, without excessive hump; corner joints have minimal burn
	through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate
	PC28. produce range of welded joints in various positions as per the WPS specified
	Positions: flat (PA) IG/1F, horizontal vertical (PB) 2F, horizontal (PC) 2G,
	vertical upwards (PF) 3F / 3G, vertical downwards (PG) 3F / 3G, 4G Plate
	(overhead) Plate to Pipe (Fixed) 5F, pipe welding 5G/5F and 6G
	PC29. shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the
	welding activities
Test for quality	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
·····,	PC30. identify various weld defects, use appropriate methods and equipment to
	check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the
	weld are to the specification
	Weld defects: lack of continuity of the weld; uneven and irregular ripple
	formation; excessive spatter; incorrect weld size or profile; burn through;







National Occupational Standards

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	undercutting; overlap; inclusions; distortion; porosity; internal cracks; surface
	penetration; gouges; stray arc strikes; sharp edges; excessive convexity
	PC31. check that the welded joint conforms to the specification, by checking various
	quality parameters by visual inspection
	Quality parameters: dimensional accuracy; alignment/squareness; size and
	profile of weld; visual defects; NDT/DT tested defects
	Visual inspections: e.g. use of visual techniques, distance from workpiece,
	angle of observation, adequate lighting, low powered magnification, fillet
	weld gauges, etc.
	PC32. detect surface imperfections and deal with them appropriately
	PC33. carry out DPT tests to assess fine defect open to the surface not detected by
	visual inspection (VT)
Post-welding	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
activities	PC34. assist in preparation for non-destructive testing of the welds, for a range of
	tests
	Non-destructive tests (NDT): Penetrant testing- dye penetrant (DPT),
	fluorescent penetrant (FPT); magnetic particle (MPT); radiographic (RT);
	ultrasonic (UT)
	PC35. prepare for destructive tests on weld specimens for fillet, butt and corner
	Destructive tests (DT): macro examination; fractured test- nick break test;
	bend tests (such as face, root or side, as appropriate); mechanical (tensile and
	shear, impact); chemical
Deal with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
contingencies	PC36. deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek
-	help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they
	cannot resolve
Knowledge and Unders	standing (K)
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the
(Knowledge of the	company
company /	KA2. key purpose of the organization
organization and	KA3. department structure and hierarchy protocols
its processes)	KA4. work flow and own role in the workflow
	KA5. dependencies and interdependencies in the workflow
	KA6. support functions and types of support available for incumbents in this role
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. health and safety, hazards and precautions associated with MMAW/SMAW
	welding
	Safety precautions (MMAW/SMAW Welding): protection from live and other
	Safety precautions (MMAW/SMAW Weiding), protection normine and other







National Occupational Standards

	electrical components, including insulation, proper earthing, etc.; proper
	handling and placement of hot metal; taking account of spatter and related
	safe distance; adequate lighting; appropriate personal protective equipment
	suitable aprons, welding gloves, respirators, safety boots, correctly fitting
	overalls, suitable eye shields/goggles, hard hat/helmet; protection of self and
	others from the effects of the welding arc; fume extraction/control measures;
	safety measures for elevated and trench workings (eg. harness, etc.)
KB2.	applications of manual metal arc welding
KB3.	effects of exposure to the electric arc
KB4.	types of fire extinguishers and their suitable uses
KB5.	effects of exposure to welding fume
KB6.	methods of managing welding fume hazards
KB7.	personal protective equipment (PPE) and clothing to be worn during
- 5 K	MMAW/SMAW welding
- <i>4</i>	Personal protective equipment (PPE): (suitable aprons, welding gloves,
m-1	respirators, safety boots, correctly fitting overalls, suitable eye
	shields/goggles, hard hat/helmet
KB8.	welding specific equipment requirements for MMAW/SMAW welding
	MMAW equipment: e.g. transformers; rectifiers; generators; invertors;
N Lot	consumables – electrodes, dyes; welding accessories - holders, cables and
KZ.	accessories; ancillary equipment - (power saw, angle, pedestal and straight
	grinders, tong tester, etc.); electrode drying oven, etc.
KB9.	main components and controls of welding equipment
KB10.	how to connect electrical components correctly
KB11.	type of current used and implication
KB12.	welding symbols used and their correct interpretation
KB13.	consumables used for MMAW/SMAW welding
KB14.	various types of electrodes (classification) based on covering
	Electrodes: rutile, basic, cellulosic, acid
KB15.	function of covering
KB16.	various defects associated with the MMAW/SMAW welding process
	Weld defects: lack of continuity of the weld; uneven and irregular ripple
	formation; excessive spatter; incorrect weld size or profile; burn through;
	undercutting; overlap; inclusions; distortion; porosity; internal cracks; surface
	cracks; lack of fusion or incomplete fusion; lack of penetration; excessive
	penetration; gouges; stray arc strikes; sharp edges; excessive convexity
KB17.	types of joint configurations
	Joints: fillet and groove (lap joints, tee fillet joints, corner joints, butt joints
	square, single vee, double vee)







	Arc Welding /Shielded Metal Arc Welding
KB18	 factors that determine weld bead shape
	Factors: electrode angles and welding technique (push, perpendicular, drag);
	arc length; thickness of base metal; travel speed (slow, normal, fast)
KB19	. types of beads, their characteristics and uses (stringer, weave, weave
	patterns)
	Bead characteristics: spatter deposits, roughness, evenness, fill, crater,
	overlap
KB20	. factors that affect weld quality
	Quality standards: required parameters for dimensional accuracy; weld
	finishes are built up to the full section of the weld; joins at stop/start
	positions merge smoothly; weld surface is (free from cracks; substantially free
	from porosity; free from any pronounced hump or crater; substantially free
	from shrinkage cavities; substantially free from trapped slag; substantially
	free from arcing or chipping marks); fillet welds are (equal in leg length,
	slightly convex in profile (where applicable), size of the fillet equivalent to the
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	profile; smooth and free from excessive undulations; regular and has an even
	ripple formations); welds are adequately fused, and there is minimal
	undercut, overlap and surface inclusions; tack welds are blended in to form
	part of the finished weld, without excessive hump; corner joints have minimal
	burn through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate
KB21	. weld positions such as flat, horizontal, vertical and overhead
	. types of equipment components such as electrode holders, work leads cables
	and ground clamps
КВ23	awareness and importance of cable size and length
	. types of polarity such as AC and DC electrode negative and DC electrode
	positive for welding purposes
KB25	 various types of base metals used in welding and their implications
	. type and thickness of base metals to be welded
	Base metals: e.g. mild or low carbon steel, austenitic stainless steel, etc.
KB27	. distortion and how to control distortion
	Distortion (causes and control methods): Causes: improper sequence of weld
	runs; direction of weld runs; heat input errors; lack of inaccuracy of jigs and
	fixture; Control Methods: sequence of welding as materials; proper direction;
	tacking and its frequency (where applicable; use clamping and jigs and
	fixtures (where applicable)
КВ28	. magnetic arc blow or arc deflection, causes and methods to avoid or
	compensate
KB29	storage requirements for consumable electrodes







National Occupational Standards

	Metal Arc Welding /Shielded Metal Arc Welding	
	KB30. electrode classifications such as tensile strength, position and composition	
	KB31. electrode types based on covering, their characteristics and uses	
	KB32. purpose of re-drying and procedure for different classification of electrode	
	KB33. welding process and method specification sheet, process qualification record	
	(PQR) and related essential variables	
	KB34. travel speed and heat inputs	
	KB35. amperage requirements for different classification of electrodes and positions	
	KB36. importance and implications of various diameters of electrodes	
	KB37. gouging and back gouging principles, methods and procedures	
	KB38. purpose and importance of pre-heating requirements for base metals	
	KB39. purpose and importance of post-heating in welding	
	KB40. methods to achieve pre-heat and post heat requirements	
	KB41. tools and methods to measure temperature for pre-heat and post-heat	
	requirements such as thermal chalk, thermocouple, etc.	
	KB42. significance of diffusible hydrogen for welds	
	KB43. importance of maintaining welding standards specified for the job	
	KB44. impact of a welding job done right, acceptable or non-acceptable	
	KB45. types of visual inspection indicators and methods	
	Visual inspections: e.g. use of visual techniques, distance from workpiece,	
	angle of observation, adequate lighting, low powered magnification, fillet	
	weld gauges, etc.	
	KB46. types of NDT and DT inspection methods	
	KB47. procedure to conduct DP testing	
	KB48. common welder testing codes and their purpose	
	Testing codes: ASME section IX, EN 287, ISO 9606, IS 731	
Skills (S)		
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills	
Generic Skills		
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification	
	SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification documents, health and safety instructions, memos, etc. applicable to the job	
	in English and/or local language	
	Writing Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per	
	organizational format in English and/or local language	
	SA3. undertake numerical operations, geometry and calculations/ formulae	
	arithmetic: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions and	
	a second s	
	decimals, percentages and proportions, simple ratios and averages	







	Metal Arc Welding /Shielded Metal Arc Welding		
	SA4. use appropriate measuring techniques		
	SA5. use and convert imperial and metric systems of measurements		
	SA6. apply appropriate degree of accuracy to express numbers		
	SA7. calculate tolerance in terms of limits of size		
	SA8. check measurements, angles, orientation and slopes		
	SA9. types of reference lines such as tangent lines, datum lines, centre lines and work points		
	SA10. check square of material using corner-to-corner dimensions and triangulation (3-4-5) method		
	SA11. select and use tools and equipment such as measuring tapes, levels, squares, protractors and dividers		
	SA12. ability to check dimensions of components		
	SA13. calculate the value of angles in a triangle		
	SA14. interpret straight line graphs using given data		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA15. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language		
	SA16. check and clarify task-related information		
	SA17. liaise with appropriate authorities using correct protocol		
	SA18. communicate with people in respectful form and manner in line with		
	organizational protocol		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	NA		
	NA		
	Plan and Organize		
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	Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
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	em Solving
The us	ser/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB11	. identify problems with work planning, procedures, output and behavior and
	their implications
SB12	. prioritize and plan for problem solving
SB13	. communicate problems appropriately to others
SB14	 identify sources of information and support for problem solving
SB15	seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems
SB16	. identify effective resolution techniques
SB17	. select and apply resolution techniques
SB18	seek evidence for problem resolution
Analy	tical Thinking
The u	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
SB19	. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others
SB20	. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that
The-	occur as work progresses
SB21	. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and
	internal/external customer/supplie ationships
SB22	. enhance one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to
550	achieve more
Critica	I Thinking
The u	er/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development
2	interventions and assessments
SB24	. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical
	adviser
SB25	. seek to improve and modify own work practices
	. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of
	practice and product/process developments







NOS Version Control

NOS Code		CSC/N0208	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021
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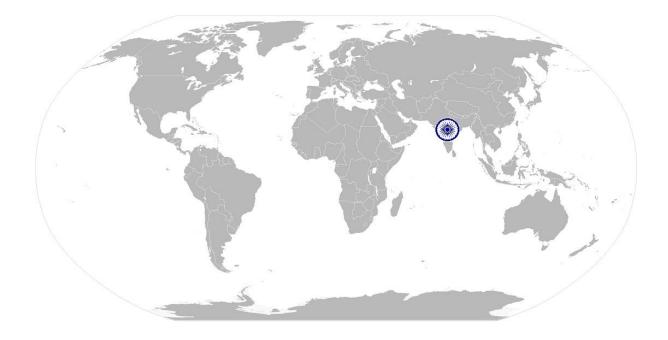






CSC/N0207 Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers manual cutting operations using plasma arc cutting process. The person would be able to independently carry out plasma arc cutting operations for as per welding procedure specification (WPS).







CSC/N0207

Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc

	Unit Code	CSC/N0207		
ard	Unit Title (Task)	Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc		
าลl Standard	Description	This unit is about competencies required for manual cutting operations using plasma arc. The candidate will be able to cut different materials (mild carbon steel, stainless steel, aluminum, high tensile and special steels, and other materials) in various profiles pertaining to the gas cutting process.		
National Occupational	Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Work safely Prepare for cutting operations Carry out cutting operations Test for quality Deal with contingencies 		
Na	Performance Criteria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope			
	Element	Performance Criteria		
	Work safely	 To be competent, the user/individual on the rob must be able to: PC1. work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines Safety precautions (general): general workshop safety; fire prevention; general hazards; manual lifting; overhead lifting; surface conditions; stability of surrounding structures, furniture, etc. PC2. take necessary safety precautions for plasma cutting operations including equipment, processes and checks 		
	Prepare for cutting operations	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC3. interpret cutting procedure data sheets specifications PC4. check regulators, hoses and check that valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage PC5. check equipment is calibrated and approved for use PC6. check/fit the correct nozzle to the torch PC7. match correct tips and cups to the torch as per requirement and manufacturer's equipment instructions PC8. set the amperage and gas pressure as per metal thickness, metal type, and type of gas Materials type: mild steel; high alloy steel; stainless steel; aluminium and its alloys; other appropriate metal Types of gases: Primary Plasma Gas – used to create the plasma arc (Nitrogen, Argon, Hydrogen, Compressed air); Secondary Shielding Gas – used 		







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	to protect the cut metals from oxidation (CO ₂ , Compressed Air)
	PC9. use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the arc
	PC10. use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders
	PC11. prepare the work area for the cutting activities
	PC12. obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the plasma arc cutting
	operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition
	Equipment: plasma power source; pilot arc ignition system; torch; portable
	straight line cutters; profile cutting machines; air filter with regulator; burner
	electrode; compressor; nozzle; electrode holder; contact tube; front cap; gas
	supply system with gauges; cooling system; earthing clamp; connecting leads
	and cables
	PC13. check that the plasma arc cutting equipment is correctly set up for the
	operations to be performed
	PC14. carry out correct measurements required using appropriate equipment and
	methods for planning the cut
	PC15. mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate
	tools and techniques where appropriate
	PC16. perform trial cut to check for cut defect
Carry out cutting	To be competent, the user/individual on the bo must be able to:
operations	PC17. operate the plasma cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to the
	dimensions and profiles as specified
	PC18. use the correct angles to cut and the right speed
	PC19. use various types of plasma arc cutting methods/techniques
	Cutting techniques: stand-off, circle cutting, profile cutting, edge, stenting
	hole, piercing technique
	PC20. perform various cutting operations correctly
	Cutting operations: down-hand straight cuts (freehand), making straight cuts
	(track guided), cutting regular shapes, cutting irregular shapes, making angled
	cuts, cutting chamfers, making radial cuts, gouging/flushing, bevelled edge –
	weld preparations, cutting out holes
	PC21. produce thermal cuts in various forms of material
	Forms: plate, rolled section, pipe/tube, solid bars
	PC22. produce cut profiles for various type of materials
	Materials type: mild steel; high alloy steel; stainless steel; aluminium and its
	alloys; other appropriate metal
	PC23. produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criteria
	Quality criteria: dimensional accuracy is within the tolerances specified on
	the drawing/specification, or within +/- 1mm; angled/radial cuts are within
	the drawing/specification, or within +/- 1mm; angled/radial cuts are within specification requirements; cuts are clean and smooth and free from flutes;







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	PC24. detect and correct defects in cut
	PC25. leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the cutting
	activities
Test for quality	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	PC26. check that the finished components meet the required standard
	PC27. use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all
	dimensional and geometrical aspects of the cut material are to the
	specification
	PC28. identify various cutting defects
	Defects: grooved, fluted or ragged cuts, poor draglines, rounded edges,
	tightly adhering slag, dross, burr, distortion
Deal with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
contingencies	PC29. report any difficulties or problems that may arise with the cutting activities,
contingenties	and carry out any agreed actions
	PC30. detect equipment malfunctions and deal with them appropriately
	PC31. deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek
	help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they
	cannot resolve
	PC32. shut down and make safe the cutting quipment on completion of the
	cutting activities or during an emergency
	PC33. follow standard emergency procedures in case of emergencies
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. job relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the
(Knowledge of the	company
company /	KA2. key purpose of the organization
organization and	KA3. department structure and hierarchy protocols
its processes)	KA4. work flow and own role in the workflow
	KA5. dependencies and interdependencies in the workflow
	KA6. support functions and types of support available for incumbents in this role
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. types of fire extinguishers and their suitable uses in case of gas cutting related
	fires
	KB2. specific safety precautions to be taken when working with plasma arc cutting
	equipment in a fabrication environment
	Safety precautions: safety from trailing hoses; safety from arc; appropriate
	fume and gases extraction/control measures; safety from spatter and hot
	metal (distance, PPE, proper handling and placement); protection from live
	and other electrical components, including insulation, proper earthing,
	proper loading, etc.; adequate lighting; appropriate personal protective







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	equipment; protection of self and others from the effects of the arc; cylinder
	safety; safety measures including nozzles. valves, flowmeter, flashback
	arrestors, etc.; safety measures for elevated and trench working
КВЗ.	personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when working
	with plasma cutting equipment
	Personal protective equipment: suitable aprons, gloves, safety boots,
	correctly fitting overalls, suitable eye shields/goggles, ear plugs or covering
КВ4.	hazards associated with carrying out plasma arc cutting activities and how
	they can be minimized
KB5.	safe working practices and procedures for using plasma equipment
KB6.	principles of plasma arc cutting
	Principles: plasma an ionized gas that conducts electricity; plasma is created
	by adding energy to an electrically neutral gas; gas is compressed air, energy
-	is electricity; more electrical energy added, the hotter the plasma; plasma
	cutting machines constrict the arc and force it through a concentrated area
	(the nozzle); pilot arc, cutting arc; increasing air pressure and intensifying the
Te	arc with higher amperage, the arc becomes hotter and more capable of
	blasting through thicker metals and blowing away the cuttings and it does not
	require a pre-heat cycle; using an inert gas for pressure prevents the cut
2.24	areas from oxidizing; for most ferrous metals, compressed air is used; for
Ch.	nonferrous metals the inert gas is essential to prevent oxidation; different
	plasma tip diameters are used for different cutting thickness; has smaller heat
	affected zone (HAZ) preventing the area around the cut from warping and
	minimizes paint damage; provides gouging and piercing capabilities; minimal
	cleanup required, small and more precise kerf (width of the cut); cuts any
	type of electrically conductive metals including aluminum, copper, brass and
	stainless steel
КВ7.	common terminology used in plasma cutting
КВ8.	procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other
	related specifications
КВ9.	how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related
	specifications, workpiece reference points and system of tolerances
КВ10.	various types of plasma arc cutting equipment
	Types: transferred, non-transferred (welding)
KB11.	various components of the cutting equipment and types of consumables
	used
	Consumables: electrode, gases, tips, cups
КВ12	construction of the cutting torch
	types of plasma arc gases used
	Types of gases: Primary Plasma Gas – used to create the plasma arc







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	(Nitrogen, Argon, Hydrogen, Compressed air); Secondary Shielding Gas – used
	to protect the cut metals from oxidation (CO ₂ , Compressed Air)
	KB14. accessories that can be used with handheld gas cutting equipment to aid
	cutting operations (such as cutting guides, templates)
	KB15. types of regulators such as low- and high-pressure, and single- and two-stage
	KB16. nozzle type as per type and thickness of base materials
	KB17. preparations prior to cutting (including checking connections for leaks, setting
	gas pressures, setting up the material/workpiece, and checking the
	cleanliness of materials used)
	KB18. holding methods that are used to aid plasma cutting, and the equipment that
	can be used
	KB19. correct procedure for lighting, cutting and extinguishing the arc
	KB20. importance of following the correct procedure for lighting, cutting and
	extinguishing an arc
	KB21. importance of torch to arc distance in relation to thickness of materials, types
	of torches and gases
	Torches: air plasma, oxygen injected, duel gas
	KB22. factors that impact nozzle life
	KB23. double arcing and its impact
	KB23. double arcing and its impact KB24. problems that can occur with plasma cutting, and how they can be avoided
	(including causes of distortion during plasma cutting, and methods of
	controlling distortion)
	KB25. effects of oil, grease, scale or dirt on the cutting process
	KB25. energies of on, grease, scale of unit on the cutting process KB26. quality parameters for plasma cut materials
	Quality parameters: shape and length of the draglines; squareness; angle
	deviation; smoothness of the sides; sharpness of the top edges; amount of
	slag adhering to the metal
	KB27. causes of cutting defects, how to recognize them, and methods of correction
	and prevention
	KB28. gouging and back gouging principles, methods and procedures
	KB29. importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on
	completion of activities
	KB30. emergency procedures for electrical and other fires
	KB31. how to close down the cutting equipment safely and correctly
	KB32. purging tools and their function
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification







NA Plan and Organize The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB1. plan, prioritize and sequence work operations as per job requirements SB2. organize and analyze information relevant to work SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction, efficient material usage and optimization of time	CSC/N0207	Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc	
Writing Skills The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per organizational format in English and/or local language SA3. undertake numerical operations, geometry and calculations/ formulae (including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions and decimals, percentages and proportions, simple ratios and averages) SA4. use appropriate measuring techniques SA5. use and convert imperial and metric systems of measurements SA6. apply appropriate degree of accuracy to express numbers SA7. use tolerance in terms of limits of size SA8. check measurements, angles, orientation and slopes SA9. types of reference lines such as tangent lines, datum lines, center lines and work points SA10. check square of material using corner-to-corner dimensions and triangulation (3-4-5) method SA11. select and use tools and equipment with as measuring tapes, levels, squares, protractors and dividers SA12. ability to check dimensions of components SA13. calculate the value of angles in a triangle Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills) The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA14. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language SA15. check and clarify task-related information SA16. liaise with appropria			
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SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction, efficient material usage and optimization of time			
		SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction,	
Customer Centricity		Customer Centricity	







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	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB4. exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during conflict situations
	SB5. avoid and manage distractions to be disciplined at work
	SB6. manage own time for achieving better results
	SB7. work in a team in order to achieve better results
	SB8. identify and clarify work roles within a team
	SB9. communicate and cooperate with others in the team for better results
	SB10. seek assistance from fellow team members
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB11. identify problems with work planning, procedures, output and behavior and
	their implications SB12. prioritize and plan for problem solving
	SB13. communicate problems appropriately to others
	SB14. identify sources of information and support for problem solving
	SB15. seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems
	SB16. identify effective resolution techniques
	SB17. select and apply resolution techniques
	SB18. seek evidence for problem resolution
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB19. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others
	SB20. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that
	occur as work progresses
	SB21. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and
	internal/external customer/supplier relationships
	SB22. enhance one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to
	achieve more
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB23. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development
	interventions and assessments
	SB24. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical
	adviser
	SB25. seek to improve and modify own work practices
	SB26. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of
	practice and product/process developments







Manually cut metal materials using plasma arc

NOS Version Control

CSC/N0207

NOS Code		CSC/N0207	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021

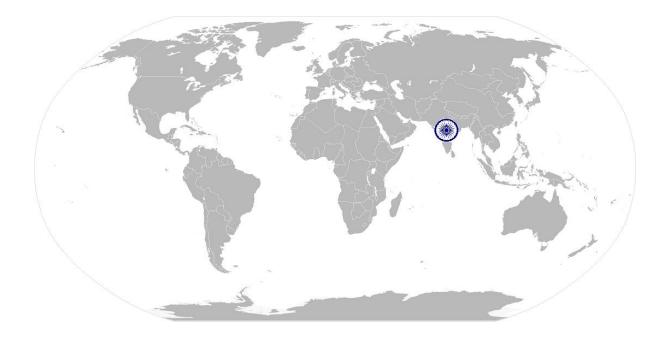






CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit is about competencies required for manual cutting operations using oxy-fuel gas. The person would be able to independently carry out oxy-fuel gas cutting operations as per welding procedure specification (WPS).







CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas

Unit	Unit Code CSC/N0203	
Unit (Tas	: Title k)	Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas
Desc	cription	This unit is about competencies required for manual cutting operations using oxy-fuel gas such as oxy-acetylene. The person would be able to independently carry out oxyfuel cutting operations for as per welding procedure specification (WPS).
(Tas Desc Scop		 This unit/task covers the following: Work safely Prepare for cutting operations Carry out cutting operations Test for accuracy Deal with contingencies
	ormance Criteria(P	
Elen		Performance Criteria
	'k safely	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines Safety precautions: general workshop safety, fire prevention, general hazards, manual lifting, overhead lifting, surface conditions, stability of surrounding structures, furniture, etc. PC2. take necessary safety precautions for gas cutting operations including equipment, processes and checks
-	pare for cutting rations	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC3. interpret cutting procedure data sheets specifications PC4. check regulators, hoses and check that valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage PC5. check equipment is calibrated and approved for use PC6. check/fit the correct size gas nozzle to the torch PC7. ensure preheat and oxygen holes on the tips are clean PC8. check that a flashback arrestor is fitted PC9. set appropriate gas pressures PC10. use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the flame Lighting and cutting procedures: lighting the cutting torch; adjusting gas controls to produce a neutral flame; methods of starting the cut and controlling the cutting speed; direction and angle of cut; procedure for extinguishing the flame







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 PC12. follow sequence of operations such as pre-heating material and initiating current PC13. mark out the locations for cutting accurately and as per requirement PC14. use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinde PC15. prepare the work area for the cutting activities PC16. obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the oxy-fuel gas cutting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition Equipment: hand-held oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment, simple, portable, track-driven cutting equipment (electrical or mechanical), fixed bench gas cutting equipment PC17. check that the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment is set up for the operations to be performed
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be performed
DC10 adjust substanting as using a direct resultator for a partial processing to achieve
PC18. adjust cylinder valves and adjust regulator for operating pressure to achieve
specifications for required operations
PC19. mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate
tools and techniques where appropriate
PC20. perform trial cut to check for cut defects
Carry out cutting To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
operations PC21. operate the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to
the dimensions and profiles specifice
PC22. use various types of oxy-fuel gas cutting methods
PC23. perform various cutting operations correctly
Cutting operations: down-hand straight cuts (freehand), making straight cut
(track guided), cutting regular shapes, cutting irregular shapes, making angle
cuts, cutting chamfers, making radial cuts, gouging/flushing, beveled edge –
weld preparations, cutting out holes
PC24. produce thermal cuts in various forms of material (metal of 3mm and above
PC25. produce cut profiles for various type of materials and forms
Materials: mild carbon steel, high tensile and special steels, other materials
Forms: plate, rolled section, pipe/tube, solid bars
PC26. produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criteria
Quality criteria: dimensional accuracy is within the tolerances specified on
the drawing/specification, or within +/- 2mm; angled/radial cuts are within
specification requirements; cuts are clean and smooth and free from flutes;
no drags
PC27. recognize and correct burnback and flashback
PC28. detect and correct defects in cut
PC29. ensure the work area is left in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the
cutting activities
Test for accuracyTo be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
PC30. check that the finished components meet the standard required







CSC/N0203 Manu	ally cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas
	 PC31. use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the cut material are to the specification PC32. identify various cutting defects and follow organisation recommended procedures to address them Defects: distortion; grooved, fluted or ragged cuts; poor draglines; rounded edges; tightly adhering slag
Deal with contingencies	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC33. report any difficulties or problems that may arise with the cutting activities, and carry out any agreed actions PC34. detect equipment malfunctions and deal with them appropriately PC35. deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve PC36. shut down and make safe the cutting equipment on completion of the cutting activities PC37. follow standard emergency procedures in case of emergencies Emergencies (safety procedures): sustained backfire in a blowpipe; close the oxygen valve of the blowpipe; followed by the fuel valve and then close both cylinder valves; investigate the cause and rectify the fault; re-light the blowpipe only after it is completely cooled down; flashback into the hose and equipment, or a hose fire or explosion, or a fire at the gas regulator connections; isolate the fuel gas and oxygen supplies by closing the cylinder valves only when this can be done safely; may attempt to control the fire by fire-fighting equipment only when there is no undue risk of personal injury; activate the fire alarm and call for the Fire Services Department as per organizational procedures; fires involving acetylene cylinders; always best dealt with by firemen from the Fire Services Department. However, the following initial response may be appropriate: cool the cylinder by spraying with water only if it is safe to do so; close the cylinder valve to control the fire alarm or by any other means; to avoid explosion never move an acetylene cylinder involved in a fire or which has been affected by heat from a nearby fire even if
	it seems cooled down
Knowledge and Unders	
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand: KA1. job relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company KA2. key purpose of the organization
company / organization and	KA2. key purpose of the organizationKA3. department structure and hierarchy protocols







CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas

	SC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas			
its processes)	KA4.	work flow and own role in the workflow		
	KA5.	dependencies and interdependencies in the workflow		
	KA6.	support functions and types of support available for incumbents in this role		
B. Technical		er/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1.			
		fires		
	KB2.	specific safety precautions to be taken when working with oxy-fuel gas cutting		
		equipment in a fabrication environment		
		Safety precautions: safety from trailing hoses; safety from naked flames;		
		appropriate fume and gases extraction/control measures; safety from		
		explosive gas mixtures and oxygen enrichment; safety from spatter and hot		
		metal (distance, PPE, proper handling and placement); protection from live		
		and other electrical components, including insulation, proper earthing, proper		
		loading, etc.; adequate lighting; appropriate personal protective equipment;		
		protection of self and others from the effects of the flame; safety measures		
	for elevated and trench working; gas cylinder safety: right color code;			
	correctly labelled; no leakage; away from heat or ignition source; never			
	- Tr	hose other than that designed for the specified gas; use ferrules or clamp		
	1	designed for the hose (not ordinar where or other substitute) to connect hoses		
	MAR.	to fittings; upright position (fuel gas); physical care to avoid damage and falls,		
	22	throws and bumps; move on trolleys, cap closed and without regulators;		
		valves closed on empty cylinders		
	KB3.	personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when working		
	with gas cutting equipment			
	Personal protective equipment: suitable aprons, gloves, safety boots,			
	correctly fitting overalls, suitable eye shields/goggles, respirators			
	KB4. hazards associated with carrying out gas cutting activities and how			
		be minimized		
	KB5.	safe working practices and procedures for using thermal equipment		
	KB6.	principles of oxy-fuel gas cutting		
		Principles: oxygen cutting for materials which readily get oxidized; oxides		
		have lower melting points than the metals; widely used for ferrous materials;		
		oxygen cutting is not used for materials like aluminum, bronze, mild steels		
		which resist oxidation; cutting of high carbon steels and cast irons require		
		special attention due to formation of heat affected zone (HAZ) where		
		structural transformation occurs; substitute hydrocarbon gases (propane,		
		butane and natural gas) not suitable for cutting ferrous materials due to their		
		oxidizing characteristics		
	KB7.	procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other		
		related specifications		







CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas			
	KB8.	how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related	
		specifications, workpiece reference points and system of tolerances	
	KB9.	various types of gas cutting equipment available	
		Equipment: hand-held oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment, simple, portable,	
		track-driven cutting equipment (electrical or mechanical), fixed bench gas	
		cutting equipment	
	KB10.	various components of the gas cutting equipment	
		Components: color coded cylinder oxygen; color coded cylinder acetylene;	
		cylinder valve; flashback arrestor; set of nozzles; gas lighter nozzle; cutting	
		tips; pressure regulator; pressure gauge; non-return valves; color coded	
		flexible hose; trolleys; torches (rose-bud heating, cutting, others)	
	KB11.	construction of the heating and cutting torch	
	KB12.	types of oxy-fuel gases such as acetylene, natural gas and propane	
	KB13.	accessories that can be used with handheld gas cutting equipment to aid	
		cutting operations (such as cutting guides, trammels, templates)	
	KB14.	importance of correct marking procedure before a cut (eg. allowances for	
	Per a	post-cut operations, punch marks, etc.)	
	KB15.	types of regulators such as low- and high-pressure, and single- and two-stage	
	KB16.	how to identify the gases used in the outting process, and the color coding of	
	m Sta	gas cylinders	
	20.8.07	type and thickness of base metals related to nozzle type	
	KB18.	preparations prior to cutting (including checking connections for leaks, setting	
		gas pressures, setting up the material/workpiece, and checking the	
		cleanliness of materials used)	
	KB19.	holding methods that are used to aid thermal cutting, and the equipment that	
		can be used	
	KB20.	correct procedure for lighting, cutting and extinguishing the flame	
		Lighting and cutting procedures: lighting the cutting torch; adjusting gas	
		controls to produce a neutral flame; methods of starting the cut and	
		controlling the cutting speed; direction and angle of cut; procedure for	
		extinguishing the flame	
		types of flames and their implication for cutting	
	KB22.	importance of following the correct procedure for lighting, cutting and	
		extinguishing a flame	
	KB23.	problems that can occur with thermal cutting, and how they can be avoided	
		(including causes of distortion during thermal cutting and methods of	
		controlling distortion)	
		effects of oil, grease, scale or dirt on the cutting process	
		gas mixture ratio required to get various flames	
	KB26.	quality parameters for gas cut materials	







CSC/N0203 Man	ually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas		
	Quality parameters: shape and length of the draglines; smoothness of the		
	sides; sharpness of the top edges; amount of slag adhering to the metal		
	KB27. special grade materials used in industry and their behavior with oxy fuel		
	KB28. causes of cutting defects, how to recognize them, and methods of correction and prevention		
	Defects: distortion; grooved, fluted or ragged cuts; poor draglines; rounded edges; tightly adhering slag		
	KB29. importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of activities		
	KB30. correct handling and storage of gas cylinders		
	KB31. emergency procedures for backfires, flashback and other fires		
	Emergencies (safety procedures): sustained backfire in a blowpipe; close		
	the oxygen valve of the blowpipe; followed by the fuel valve and then		
	close both cylinder valves; investigate the cause and rectify the fault;		
	re-light the blowpipe only after it is completely cooled down; flashback		
	into the hose and equipment, or a hose fire or explosion, or a fire at		
	the gas regulator connections; isolate the fuel gas and oxygen supplies		
	by closing the cylinder valves only when this can be done safely; may		
	attempt to control the fire by fire-finding equipment only when there		
	is no undue risk of personal injury; activate the fire alarm and call for		
	the Fire Services Department as per organizational procedures; fires		
	involving acetylene cylinders; always best dealt with by firemen from		
	the Fire Services Department. However, the following initial response		
	may be appropriate: cool the cylinder by spraying with water only if it is		
	safe to do so; close the cylinder valve to control the fire only if it is safe to do		
	so; evacuate the building by activating the fire alarm or by any		
	other means; to avoid explosion never move an acetylene cylinder		
	involved in a fire or which has been affected by heat from a nearby fire		
	even if it seems cooled down		
	KB32. how to close down the cutting equipment safely and correctly		
	KB33. purging tools and their function		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification		
	documents, health and safety instructions, memos, etc. applicable to the job		
	in English and/or local language		
	Writing Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		







CSC/N0203 Manu	ally cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas				
	SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per				
	organizational format in English and/or local language				
	SA3. undertake numerical operations, geometry and calculations/ formulae				
	(including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions and				
	decimals)				
	SA4. use appropriate measuring techniques				
	SA5. use and convert imperial and metric systems of measurements				
	SA6. apply appropriate degree of accuracy to express numbers				
	Units and number systems representing degree of accuracy: decimals places,				
	significant figures, fractions as a decimal quantity				
	SA7. calculate the value of angles in a triangle				
	Angles in a triangle: right-angled, isosceles, equilateral				
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SA8. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language				
	SA9. check and clarify task-related information				
	SA10. liaise with appropriate authorities using correct protocol				
	SA11. communicate with people in respectful form and manner in line with				
	organizational protocol				
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making				
	NA				
	Plan and Organize				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB1. plan, prioritize and sequence work operations as per job requirements				
	SB2. organize and analyze information relevant to work SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction,				
	efficient material usage and optimization of time				
	Customer Centricity				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB4. exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during conflict situations				
	SB5. avoid and manage distractions to be disciplined at work				
	SB6. manage own time for achieving better results				
	SB7. work in a team in order to achieve better results				
	SB8. identify and clarify work roles within a team				
	SB9. communicate and cooperate with others in the team for better results				
	SB10. seek assistance from fellow team members				
	Problem Solving				
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:				
	SB11. identify problems with work planning, procedures, output and behavior and their implications				







CSC/N0203	Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas
	SB12. prioritize and plan for problem solving
	SB13. communicate problems appropriately to others
	SB14. identify sources of information and support for problem solving
	SB15. seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems
	SB16. identify effective resolution techniques
	SB17. select and apply resolution techniques
	SB18. seek evidence for problem resolution
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB19. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others
	SB20. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that
	occur as work progresses
	SB21. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and
	internal/external customer/supplier relationships
	SB22. enhance one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to achieve more
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB23. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development interventions and assessments
	SB24. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical adviser
	SB25. seek to improve and modify own work practices
	SB26. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of
	practice and product/process developments







CSC/N0203 Manually cut metal and metal alloys using oxyfuel gas

NOS Version Control

NOS Code	CSC/N0203			
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0	
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014	
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017	
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021	

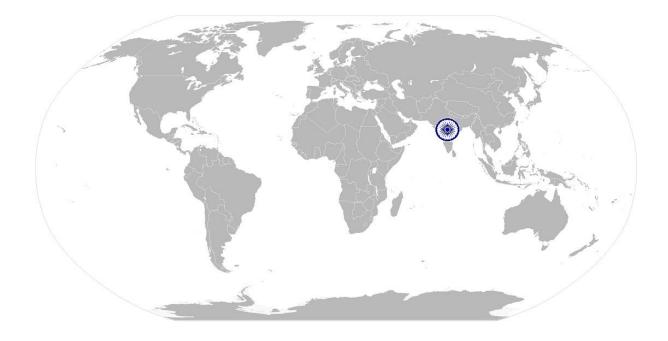






CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers health, safety and security at the workplace. This includes procedures and practices that candidates need to follow to help maintain a healthy, safe and secure work environment.







Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace CSC/N1335

Unit Code CSC/N1335		CSC/N1335
ard	Unit Title (Task)	Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace
l Stand	Description	This OS unit is about knowledge and practices relating to health, safety and security that candidates need to use in the workplace. It covers responsibilities towards self, others, assets and the environment.
National Occupational Standard	Scope	 This unit/task covers the following: Health and safety Fire safety Emergencies, rescue and first-aid procedure
onal	Performance Criteria(P	C) w.r.t. the Scope
Itic	Element	Performance Criteria
National	Health and safety	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions Protective clothing: leather or asbestos gloves, flame proof aprons, flame proof overalls buttoned to neck, cuffless (without folds), trousers, reinforced footwear, helmets/hard hats, cap and shoulder covers, ear defenders/plugs, safety boots, knee pads, particle masks, glasses/goggles/visors Equipment: hand shields, machine guards, residual current devices, shields, dust sheets, respirator PC2. state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace PC3. state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace Hazards: sharp edged and heavy tools; heated metals; oxy fuel and gas cylinders; welding radiation; hazardous surfaces (sharp, slippery, uneven, chipped, broken, etc.); hazardous substances (chemicals, gas, oxy-fuel, fumes, dust, etc.); physical hazards (working at heights, large and heavy objects and machines, sharp and piercing objects, tolls and machines, intense light, load noise, obstructions in corridors, by doors, blind turns, noise, over stacked shelves and packages, etc.) electrical machines and appliances, etc.) Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious







CSC/N1335 Use	basic health and safety practices at the workplace
	illness)
	PC5. carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others
	Safe working practices: using protective clothing and equipment; putting up
	and reading safety signs; handle tools in the correct manner and store and
	maintain them properly; keep work area clear of clutter, spillage and unsafe object lying casually; while working with electricity take all electrical
	precautions like insulated clothing, adequate equipment insulation, use of
	control equipment, dry work area, switch off the power supply when not
	required, etc.; safe lifting and carrying practices; use equipment that is
	working properly and is well maintained; take due measures for safety while
	working in confined places, trenches or at heights, etc. including safety
	harness, fall arrestors, etc.
	PC6. state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role
	Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures;
	using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices
	(such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from
	colleagues and supervisors
	PC7. state location of general health an steel equipment in the workplace
	General health and safety equipment: fire extinguishers; first aid equipment;
	safety instruments and clothing; safety installations (eg fire exits, exhaust
	fans)
	PC8. inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use
	Ladder faults: corrosion of metal components, deterioration, splits and crack
	timber components, imbalance, loose rungs, missing/ unfixed nuts or bolts,
	etc.
	Ladders set up: firm/level base, clip/lash down, leaning at the correct angle,
	etc.
	PC9. work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas
	PC10. lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures
	PC11. apply good housekeeping practices at all times
	Good housekeeping practices: clean/tidy work areas, removal/disposal of
	waste products, protect surfaces
	PC12. identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas
	Various areas: on chemical containers; equipment; packages; inside buildings
	in open areas and public spaces, etc.
	PC13. retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace
	Documents: fire notices, accident reports, safety instructions for equipment
	and procedures, company notices and documents, legal documents (eg







	government notices)
Fire safety	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC14. use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly Types of fires: Class A: eg. ordinary solid combustibles, such as wood, paper, cloth, plastic, charcoal, etc.; Class B: flammable liquids and gases, such as gasoline, propane, diesel fuel, tar, cooking oil, and similar substances; Class C: eg. electrical equipment such as appliances, wiring, breaker panels, etc. (These categories of fires become Class A, B, and D fires when the electrical equipment that initiated the fire is no longer receiving electricity); Class D: combustible metals such as magnesium, titanium, and sodium (These fires burn at extremely high temperatures and require special suppression agents) PC15. demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard PC16. demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards
	PC17. demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
Emergencies, rescue and first-aid	PC18. demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution
procedures	PC19. administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of
	bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.
	PC20. demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging
	PC21. respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical
	emergency in real or simulated environments
	PC22. perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments
	PC23. administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to
	electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated
	cases
	PC24. demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process
	PC25. participate in emergency procedures
	Emergency procedures: raising alarm, safe/efficient, evacuation, correct
	means of escape, correct assembly point, roll call, correct return to work
	PC26. complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another person, and send report to person responsible
	Incident Report includes details of: name, date/time of incident, date/time of
	report, location, environment conditions, persons involved, sequence of
	events, injuries sustained, damage sustained, actions taken, witnesses,
	supervisor/manager notified
	PC27. demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an







A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Context	KA1. names (and job titles if applicable), and where to find, all the people		
(Knowledge of the	responsible for health and safety in a workplace		
company /	KA2. names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the		
organization and	workplace		
its processes)			
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1. meaning of "hazards" and "risks"		
	KB2. health and safety hazards commonly present in the work environment and		
	related precautions		
	KB3. possible causes of risk, hazard or accident in the workplace and why risk and		
	or accidents are possible		
	KB4. possible causes of risk and accident		
	Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to an		
	giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as		
	drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious		
	illness)		
	KB5. methods of accident prevention		
	Methods of accident prevention: tranning in health and safety procedures;		
	using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices		
	(such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from		
	colleagues and supervisors		
	KB6. safe working practices when working with tools and machines		
	KB7. safe working practices while working at various hazardous sites		
	KB8. where to find all the general health and safety equipment in the workplace		
	KB9. various dangers associated with the use of electrical equipment		
	KB10. preventative and remedial actions to be taken in the case of exposure to toxi		
	materials		
	Exposure: ingested, contact with skin, inhaled		
	Preventative action: ventilation, masks, protective clothing/ equipment);		
	Remedial action: immediate first aid, report to supervisor		
	Toxic materials: solvents, flux, lead		
	KB11. importance of using protective clothing/equipment while working		
	KB12. precautionary activities to prevent the fire accident		
	KB12. precontinuity activities to prevent the fire accident		
	Causes of fires: heating of metal; spontaneous ignition; sparking; electrical		
	heating; loose fires (smoking, welding, etc.); chemical fires; etc.		
	KB14. techniques of using the different fire extinguishers		
	KB15. different methods of extinguishing fire		
	KB16. different materials used for extinguishing fire		







CSC/N1335 Use	basic health and safety practices at the workplace		
	Materials: sand, water, foam, CO ₂ , dry powder		
	KB17. rescue techniques applied during a fire hazard		
	KB18. various types of safety signs and what they mean		
	KB19. appropriate basic first aid treatment relevant to the condition eg. shock,		
	electrical shock, bleeding, breaks to bones, minor burns, resuscitation,		
	poisoning, eye injuries		
	KB20. content of written accident report		
	KB21. potential injuries and ill health associated with incorrect manual handing		
	KB22. safe lifting and carrying practices		
	KB23. personal safety, health and dignity issues relating to the movement of a		
	person by others		
KB24. potential impact to a person who is moved incorrectly			
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills		
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA1. read and comprehend basic content to read labels, charts, signages		
	SA2. read and comprehend basic English to read manuals of operations		
SA3. read an accident/incident report in/ocal language or English			
	Writing Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA4. write an accident/incident report in local language or English		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SA5. question coworkers appropriately in order to clarify instructions and other		
	issues		
	SA6. give clear instructions to coworkers, subordinates others		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with		
respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, la			
	down procedure and guidelines		
	Plan and Organize		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:			
	SB2. plan and organize their own work schedule, work area, tools, equipment and		
	materials to maintain decorum and for improved productivity Customer Centricity		
	materials to maintain decorum and for improved productivity		







 SB4. follow appropriate protocols for communication based on situation, hierarchy organizational culture and practice SB5. ask for, provide and receive required assistance where possible to ensure achievement of work related objectives SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance received SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow 	
 SB5. ask for, provide and receive required assistance where possible to ensure achievement of work related objectives SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance received SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow 	
achievement of work related objectives SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance received SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow	
SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance receivedSB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow	
SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow	
workmanship and authority	
Problem Solving	
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB8. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an	
optimum /best possible solution(s)	
SB9. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays	
SB10. identify sources of support that can be availed of for problem solving for	
various kind of problems	
SB11. seek appropriate assistance from other sources to resolve problems SB12. report problems that you cannot resolve to appropriate authority	
Analytical Thinking	
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB13. identify cause and effect relations in their area of work	
SB14. use cause and effect relations to anticipate potential problems and their solution	
Critical Thinking	
NA	







CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

NOS Version Control

NOS Code		CSC/N1335	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	- 24/11/2021







CSC/N1336

Work effectively with others

National Occupational Standard



Overview

This unit covers basic practices that improve effectiveness of working with others in an organizational set-up.



National Occupational Standard





CSC/N1336

Work effectively with others

Unit Code	CSC/N1336		
Unit Title (Task)	Work effectively with others		
Description	This unit covers basic etiquette and competencies that a candidate is required to possess and demonstrate in their behavior and interactions with others at the workplace. These cover areas such as communication etiquette, discipline, listening etc.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:Work effectively with others		
Performance Criteria (P	C) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Work effectively with others	 To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working Communication etiquette: do not use abusive language; use appropriate titles and terms of respect; do not eat or chew while talking (vice versa) etc. PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace Disciplined behaviors: e.g. punctuality; completing tasks as per given time and standards; not gossiping and idling time; eliminating waste, honesty, etc. PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict 		
Knowledge and Unders			
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Context (Knowledge of the	KA1. legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company relevant to own employment and performance conditions		
company /	KA2. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the		







Work effectively with others
work area
KA3. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area
KA4. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related
issues
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
KB1. various categories of people that one is required to communicate and co-
ordinate with in the organization
KB2. importance of effective communication in the workplace
KB3. importance of teamwork in organizational and individual success
KB4. various components of effective communication
KB5. key elements of active listening
KB6. value and importance of active listening and assertive communication
KB7. barriers to effective communication
KB8. importance of tone and pitch in effective communication
KB9. importance of avoiding casual expletives and unpleasant terms while
communicating professional circles
KB10. how poor communication practices can disturb people, environment and
cause problems for the employee, the employer and the customer
KB11. importance of ethics for professional uccess
KB12. importance of discipline for professional success
KB13. what constitutes disciplined behavior for a working professional
KB14. common reasons for interpersonal conflict
KB15. importance of developing effective working relationships for professional
success
KB16. expressing and addressing grievances appropriately and effectively
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records
KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records Writing Skills
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 KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively Reading Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records Writing Skills The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA3. write clear and legible notes to self, colleagues and seniors to pass messages,







CSC/N1336	Work effectively with others		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	 The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA5. interact with the supervisor appropriately (correct protocol and manner of speaking) in order to understand the basic requirements of the product, production plans and other associated requirements 		
	SA6. give clear instructions to co-workers about the type of output required and answer queries		
	SA7. display active listening skills while interacting with co-workers and other in the workplace		
B. Professional Skills			
	NA		
	Plan and organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. use appropriate planning to maintain a smooth relationship with fellow team members		
	SB2. take steps within one's limits of authority to initiate modification in plan if the circumstances require it		
	Customer centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB3. check that work meets customer requirements SB4. deliver consistent and reliable service to internal and external customers		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SB5. work with co-workers and supervisor to resolve any issues that threaten disruption, increase risk, cause delays or under-achievement of quality and targets as per the planned schedule		
	Analytical Thinking		
	NA		
	Critical Thinking		
	NA		







CSC/N1336

Work effectively with others

NOS Version Control

NOS Code		CSC/N1336	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	 Machine Tools Dies, Moulds and Press Tools Plastics Manufacturing Machinery Textile Manufacturing Machinery Process Plant Machinery Process Plant Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Electrical and Power Machinery Light Engineering Goods 	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021

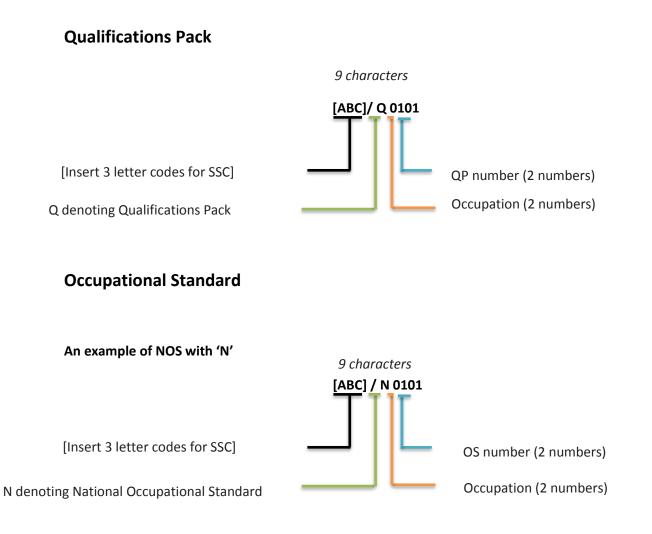


Qualifications Pack for Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder



Annexure

Nomenclature for QP and NOS



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The following acronyms/ codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers
Machine Tools	01-13
Dies, Moulds and Press Tools	01-13
Plastic Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Textile Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Process Plant Machinery	01-13
Electrical and Power Machinery	01-13
Light Engineering Goods	01-13

Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Capital Goods	CSC
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether Q P or N OS	N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01





Criteria For Assessment Of Trainees

<u>Job Role:</u> Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder <u>Qualification Pack:</u> CSC/Q0208 <u>Sector Skill Council:</u> Capital Goods Skill Council

Guidelines for Assessment

1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC.

2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.

3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.

4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below).

5. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criterion.

6. To pass the Qualification Pack , every trainee should score a minimum of 70% of aggregate marks to successfully clear the assessment.

7. In case of *unsuccessful completion*, the trainee may seek reassessment on the Qualification Pack.

Compulsory NOS Total Marks: 500			Marks Allocation		
Assessment outcomes	Assessment Criteria for outcomes	Total Marks	Out of	Theory	Skills Practical
CSC/N0208 Manually weld carbon steel/ low alloy steel and austenitic stainless steel using Metal Arc Welding / Shielded Metal Arc Welding	PC1.work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines		3	1	2
	PC2.adhere to procedures or systems in place for health and safety, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations	100	4	1	3
	PC3.check the condition of, and correctly connect, welding leads, earthing arrangements and electrode holder		2	0	2
	PC4.deal with any faults or differential as per laid procedures	-	2	0	2
	PC5.follow fume extraction safety procedures		3	1	2
	PC6.read and interpret routine information on written job instructions, welding procedure specifications (WPS) and standard operating procedures		3	1	2





PC7.select welding machines (e.g. transformers, rectifiers, inverters and generators, etc.) according to the task	2	0	2
PC8.select type and size of electrodes according to classification and specifications	3	1	2
PC9.re-dry electrodes as per electrode classification requirement	3	1	2
PC10.prepare the work area for the welding activities	2	0	2
PC11.perform measurements for joint preparation and routine MMAW	3	0	3
PC12.prepare the various forms of materials and the joint in readiness for welding	2	0	2
PC13.tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding	3	0	3
PC14.use manual metal-arc welding and related equipment to include a. alternating current (AC) equipment b. direct current (DC) equipment	3	0	3
PC15.connect equipment to power source	2	0	2
PC16.connect cables, electrode holders, return leads and ground clamps to appropriate terminal	3	1	2
PC17.set, read and adjust amperage controls	3	1	2
PC18.verify setup by running test and appropriately handle weld specimen/scrap plate	3	0	3
PC19.tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding	2	0	2
PC20.strike and maintain a stable arc	2	0	2
PC21.stop and properly re-start arc to avoid welding defects (scratch start, tapping techniques)	3	1	2
PC22.manipulate electrode angle using various methods as per WPS	2	0	2
PC23.maintain constant puddle by using appropriate travel speed	2	0	2
PC24.remove slag in an appropriate manner (eg. wire brush, hammer, etc.)	3	1	2
PC25.weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile applicable to range of material	4	1	3





	PC26.produce range of welded joints to within the mentioned standard using single or multi-run welds (as appropriate)		4	1	3
	PC27.produce joints of the required quality and of specified dimensional accuracy which achieve a weld quality equivalent to Level C of ISO 5817		3	0	3
	PC28.produce range of welded joints in various positions as per the WPS specified		2	0	2
	PC29.shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the welding activities		4	1	3
	PC30.identify various weld defects, use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the weld are to the specification		4	1	3
	PC31.check that the welded joint conforms to the specification, by checking various		2	0	2
	PC32.detect surface imperfections and deal with them appropriately		3	1	2
	PC33.carry out DPT tests to assess fine defect open to the surface not detected by visual inspection (VT)		3	1	2
	PC34.assist in preparation for non-destructive testing of the welds, for a range of tests		2	0	2
	PC35.prepare for destructive tests on weld specimens for fillet, butt and corner		3	0	3
	PC36.deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve		3	1	2
		Total	100	17	83
CSC/N0207 Manually cut metal materials using	PC1.work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines		3	1	2
plasma arc	PC2.take necessary safety precautions for plasma cutting operations including equipment, processes and checks		2	0	2
	PC3.interpret cutting procedure data sheets specifications	100	3	1	2
	PC4.check regulators, hoses and check that valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage		2	0	2
	PC5.check equipment is calibrated and approved for use		2	0	2
	PC6.check/fit the correct nozzle to the torch		2	0	2





PC7.match correct tips and cups to the torch as per requirement and manufacturer's equipment instructions		3	1	2
PC8.set the amperage and gas pressure as per metal thickness, metal type, and type of gas		2	0	2
PC9.use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the arc		4	1	3
PC10.use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders		3	1	2
PC11.prepare the work area for the cutting activities		2	0	2
PC12.obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the plasma arc cutting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition		2	0	2
PC13.check that the plasma arc cutting equipment is correctly set up for the operations to be performed		2	0	2
PC14.carry out correct measurements required using appropriate equipment and methods for planning the cut	_	3	1	2
PC15.mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques where appropriate		4	1	3
PC16.perform trial cut to check for cut defect		2	0	2
PC17.operate the plasma cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to the dimensions and profiles as specified		5	1	4
PC18.use the correct angles to cut and the right speed		3	0	3
PC19.use various types of plasma arc cutting methods/techniques		4	0	4
PC20.perform various cutting operations correctly		4	0	4
PC21.produce thermal cuts in various forms of material		4	0	4
PC22.produce cut profiles for various type of materials		4	0	4
PC23.produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criteria		5	1	4
PC24.detect and correct defects in cut		3	0	3
PC25.leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the cutting activities		2	0	2
PC26.check that the finished components meet the required standard		4	1	3





F	1	-			
	PC27.use appropriate methods and equipment to check				
	the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical		6	2	4
	aspects of the cut material are to the specification				
	PC28.identify various cutting defects		3	0	3
	PC29.report any difficulties or problems that may arise				
	with the cutting activities and carry out any agreed		2	0	2
	actions				
	PC30.detect equipment malfunctions and deal with		2	0	2
	them appropriately		2	0	2
	PC31.deal promptly and effectively with problems within				
	their control, and seek help and guidance from the		3	0	3
	relevant people if they have problems that they cannot		5	0	5
	resolve				
	PC32.shut down and make safe the cutting equipment				
	on completion of the cutting activities or during an		2	0	2
	emergency				
	PC33.follow standard emergency procedures in case of		3	1	2
	emergencies	Total	100	13	87
CSC/N0203	PC1.work safely at all times, complying with health and	TOLAI	100	15	87
Manually cut metal	safety legislation, regulations and other relevant		3	1	2
and metal alloys	guidelines		J	T	2
using oxyfuel gas	PC2.take necessary safety precautions for gas cutting				
0,0	operations including equipment, processes and checks		2	0	2
			2	0	2
	PC3.interpret cutting procedure data sheets		_	_	_
	specifications		3	1	2
	PC4.check regulators, hoses and check that valves are				
	securely connected and free from leaks and damage		2	0	2
	PC5.check equipment is calibrated and approved for use		C	0	2
			2	0	2
	PC6.check/fit the correct size gas nozzle to the torch	100	2	0	2
			2	0	Z
	PC7.ensure preheat and oxygen holes on the tips are		2	0	2
	clean		2	0	2
	PC8.check that a flashback arrestor is fitted		2	0	2
	PC9.set appropriate gas pressures		2	0	2
	PC10.use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting		3	1	2
	and extinguishing the flame		5	-	2
	PC11.adjust torch valve for type of flame such as		2	0	2
	neutral, carburizing and oxidizing		-	~	-
	PC12.follow sequence of operations such as pre-heating		3	1	2
	material and initiating cut				-
	PC13.mark out the locations for cutting accurately and		3	1	2
	as per requirement		,	-	-





PC14.use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders	3	1	2
PC15.prepare the work area for the cutting activities	2	0	2
PC16.obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the oxy-fuel gas cutting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition	2	0	2
PC17.check that the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment is set up for the operations to be performed	2	0	2
PC18.adjust cylinder valves and adjust regulator for operating pressure to achieve specifications for required operations	3	1	2
PC19.mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques where appropriate	2	0	2
PC20.perform trial cut to check for cut defects	3	0	3
PC21.operate the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to the dimensions and profiles specified	5	1	4
PC22.use various types of oxy-fuel gas cutting methods	4	0	4
PC23.perform various cutting operations correctly	4	0	4
PC24.produce thermal cuts in various forms of material (metal of 3mm and above)	4	0	4
PC25.produce cut profiles for various type of materials and forms	3	0	3
PC26.produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criterias	4	1	3
PC27.recognize and correct burnback and flashback	3	1	2
PC28.detect and correct defects in cut	2	0	2
PC29.ensure the work area is left in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the cutting activities	2	0	2
PC30.check that the finished components meet the standard required	3	1	2
PC31.use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the cut material are to the specification	4	1	3
PC32.identify various cutting defects and follow organisation recommended procedures to address them	3	1	2





F			1		
	PC33.report any difficulties or problems that may arise with the cutting activities and carry out any agreed actions		2	0	2
	PC34.detect equipment malfunctions and deal with them appropriately		2	0	2
	PC35.deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve		2	0	2
	PC36.shut down and make safe the cutting equipment on completion of the cutting activities		2	0	2
	PC37.follow standard emergency procedures in case of emergencies		3	1	2
		Total	100	14	86
CSC/N1335 Use basic health and	PC1.use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions		5	2	3
safety practices at the workplace	PC2.state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC3.state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC4.identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace		5	2	3
	PC5.carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others		4	2	2
	PC6.state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role	100	3	2	1
	PC7.state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace		5	2	3
	PC8.inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use		5	2	3
	PC9.work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas		5	2	3
	PC10.lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures		4	2	2
	PC11.apply good housekeeping practices at all times		5	2	3
	PC12.identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas		3	1	2
	PC13.retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace		4	1	3





	PC14.use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly		4	1	3
	PC15.demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard		3	1	2
	PC16.demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards		4	1	3
	PC17.demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher		4	1	3
	PC18.demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution		4	1	3
	PC19.administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.		3	1	2
	PC20.demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging		4	1	3
	PC21.respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical emergency in real or simulated environments		3	1	2
	PC22.perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments		3	1	2
	PC23.administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated cases		3	1	2
	PC24.demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process		3	2	1
	PC25.participate in emergency procedures		2	1	1
	PC26.complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another person, and send report to person responsible		3	1	2
	PC27.demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an emergency		3	1	2
		Total	100	37	63
CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others	PC1.accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required		10	3	7
	PC2.accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt	100	10	3	7
	PC3.give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand		10	3	7



Qualifications Pack for Senior Manual Metal Arc Welder/ Shielded Metal Arc Welder



	Total	100	30	70
PC10.escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict		10	3	7
PC9.demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace		10	3	7
PC8.use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism		10	3	7
PC7.display active listening skills while interacting with others at work		10	3	7
PC6.display appropriate communication etiquette while working		10	3	7
PC5.consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks		10	3	7
PC4.display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible		10	3	7