





## QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRY

## What are Occupational Standards(OS)?

- OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function
- performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

#### Contact Us:

Capital Goods Skill Council, C/O Awfis, 1st Floor, L-29 Outer Circle Connaught Place New Delhi – 110001 E-mail:

inder.gahlaut@cgsc.in



	Contents		
	1.	Introduction and Contacts	1
	2.	Qualifications Pack	2
Surgar Land	3.	Glossary of Key Terms	4
	4.	OS Units	6
	5.	Annexure: Nomenclature for QP & OS	.29
	6.	Assessment Criteria	.31
	i i		

#### Introduction

## **Qualifications Pack-Assistant Oxy Fuel Gas Cutter**

**SECTOR/S:** CAPITAL GOODS

#### **SUB-SECTOR:**

- 1. Machine Tools
- 2. Dies, Moulds and Press Tools
- 3. Plastics Manufacturing Machinery
- 4. Textile Manufacturing Machinery

**OCCUPATION:** Welding and Cutting

**REFERENCE ID:** CSC/Q0201

**ALIGNED TO:** NCO-2004/7212.1

- 5. Process Plant Machinery
- 6. Electrical and Power Machinery
- 7. Light Engineering Goods

**Brief Job Description:** Perform manual oxy-fuel cutting for a range of standard cutting job requirements using oxy-fuel gas. This is for a skilled cutter who can cut carbon steels in the basic positions.

**Personal Attributes:** Basic communication, numerical and computational abilities. Openness to learning, ability to plan and organize own work and identify and solve problems in the course of working. Understanding the need to take initiative and manage self and work to improve efficiency and effectiveness.







Qualific	ations Pack Code	CSC/Q0201		
Job Role		Assistant Oxy Fuel Gas Cutter [Applicable for National Scenarios]		
Credits		TBD	Version number	1.0
Sector		Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Sub-sect	tor	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupat	ion	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021
NSQC CI	earance on	20/07/2015		







Job Role	Assistant Oxy Fuel Gas Cutter	
Role Description	Perform manual oxy-fuel cutting for a range of standard cutting job requirements using oxy-fuel gas. Cut different materials (cast mild steels, high tensile/special steels, other materials) in various profiles.	
NSQF level	2	
Minimum Educational Qualifications	5 <sup>th</sup> Standard pass, preferably	
Maximum Educational Qualifications	Not Applicable	
Prerequisite License or Training	No Previous Training Required	
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 Years	
Experience	No Previous Experience Required	
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Compulsory:  1. CSC/N0201 Perform simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas  2. CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace  3. CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others	
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units	









Keywords /Terms	Description	
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.	
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.	
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.	
Jobrole	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.	
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.	
Performance Criteria	Performance criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.	
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.	
Qualifications Pack(QP)	QP comprises the set of OSs, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A QP is assigned a unique qualifications pack code.	
Electives	Electives are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as contributive to specialization in a job role. There may be multiple electives within a QP for each specialized job role. Trainees must select at least one elective for the successful completion of a QP with Electives.	
Options	Options are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as additional skills. There may be multiple options within a QP. It is not mandatory to select any of the options to complete a QP with Options.	
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an 'N'	
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.	
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.	
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required.	
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual need to perform to the required standard.	
Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.	
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish	







# Acronyms

	specific designated responsibilities.
Core Skills/Generic Skills	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment in today's world. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Keywords /Terms	Description
WPS	Welding Procedure Specifiation
HAZ	Heat Affected Zone
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon Dioxide
CPR	Cardiac Pulmonary Resuscitation

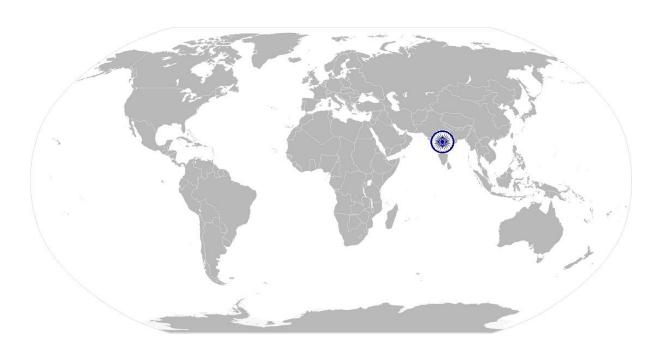








## National Occupational Standard



## **Overview**

This unit is about competencies required for manual cutting operations using oxy-fuel gas. The person would be able to carry out basic oxy-fuel gas cutting operations under constant supervision as per instructions received.









Unit Code	CSC/N0201
Unit Title (Task)	Perform simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas
Description	This unit is about competencies required for simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas such as oxy-acetylene. The person would be able to carry out simple oxy-fuel cutting operations on carbon steels as per specific instructions given.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:
	<ul><li>Work safely</li><li>Prepare for cutting operations</li></ul>
	Carry out cutting operations
	<ul><li>Test for accuracy</li><li>Deal with contingencies</li></ul>
Performance Criteria	(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Work safely	To be competent, the user/individual on the pob must be able to: PC1. work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines Safety precautions: general workshop safety, fire prevention, general hazards, manual lifting, overhead lifting, surface conditions, stability of surrounding structures, furniture, etc. PC2. take necessary safety precautions for gas cutting operations including equipment, processes and checks
Prepare for cutting	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
operations	<ul> <li>PC3. interpret cutting procedure data sheets specifications</li> <li>PC4. check regulators, hoses and check that valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage</li> <li>PC5. check equipment is calibrated and approved for use</li> <li>PC6. check the correct size gas nozzle to the torch</li> <li>PC7. ensure preheat and oxygen holes on the tips are clean</li> <li>PC8. check that a flashback arrestor is fitted</li> <li>PC9. set appropriate gas pressures</li> <li>PC10. use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the flame</li> <li>Lighting and cutting procedures: lighting the cutting torch; adjusting gas controls to produce a neutral flame; methods of starting the cut and controlling the cutting speed; direction and angle of cut; procedure for</li> </ul>
	extinguishing the flame PC11. adjust torch valve for type of flame such as neutral, carburizing and oxidizing









CSC/N0201 Perform	simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas			
	PC12. follow sequence of operations such as pre-heating material and initiating cut			
	PC13. check if the locations for cutting have been marked out by authorised persons			
	PC14. use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders			
	PC15. prepare the work area for the cutting activities			
	PC16. obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the oxy-fuel gas cutting			
	operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
	Equipment: hand-held oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment, simple, portable,			
	track-driven cutting equipment (electrical or mechanical), fixed bench gas			
	cutting equipment			
	PC17. check that the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment is set up for the operations to			
	be performed			
	PC18. adjust cylinder valves and adjust regulator for operating pressure to achieve			
	specifications for required operations			
	PC19. seek clarification where marking out is not done or is not clear from			
	authorised person			
	PC20. perform trial cut to check for cut defects			
Carry out cutting	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:			
operations	PC21. operate the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to			
	the dimensions and profiles as per instructions given			
	PC22. use various oxy-fuel gas lighting and cutting procedures			
	PC23. perform various cutting operations correctly			
	Cutting operations: down-hand straight cuts (freehand), making straight cuts			
	(track guided), cutting regular shapes, making angled cuts, bevelled edge –			
	weld preparations			
	PC24. produce thermal cuts in low carbon steel (1.5mm to 10mm thickness)			
	PC25. produce cut profiles for various type of materials and forms  Materials: carbon stools			
	Materials: carbon steels			
	Forms: plate; sheet; pipe/tube; bars and rods			
	PC26. produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criteria			
	Quality criteria: dimensional accuracy is within the tolerances specified on the			
	drawing/specification, or within +/- 2mm; angled/radial cuts are within			
	specification requirements; cuts are clean and smooth and free from flutes;			
	no drags			
	PC27. recognize and correct burn back and flashback			
	PC28. detect and correct defects in cut			
	PC29. ensure the work area is left in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the			
	cutting activities			
Test for accuracy	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:			
	PC30. check that the finished components meet the standard required			
	PC31. use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all			
	dimensional and geometrical aspects of the cut material are to the			









CSC/N0201 Perform	simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas
	specification
	PC32. identify various cutting defects and follow organisation recommended
	procedures to address them
	Defects: distortion; grooved, fluted or ragged cuts; poor draglines; rounded
	edges; tightly adhering slag
Deal with	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
contingencies	PC33. report any difficulties or problems that may arise with the cutting activities,
	and carry out any agreed actions
	PC34. detect equipment malfunctions and deal with them appropriately
	PC35. deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek
	help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve
	PC36. shut down and make safe the cutting equipment on completion of the cutting
	activities
	PC37. follow standard emergency procedures in case of emergencies
	Emergencies (safety procedures): sustained backfire in a blowpipe; close the
	oxygen valve of the blowpipe, followed by the fuel valve and then close both
	cylinder valves; investigate the cause and rectify the fault; re-light the
	blowpipe only after it is completely coled down; flashback into the hose and
	equipment, or a hose fire or explosion, or a fire at the gas regulator
	connections; isolate the fuel gas and oxygen supplies by closing the cylinder
	valves only when this can be done safely: may attempt to control the fire by
	fire-fighting equipment only when there is no undue risk of personal injury;
	activate the fire alarm and call for the Fire Services Department as per
	organizational procedures; fires involving acetylene cylinders: always best
	dealt with by firemen from the Fire Services Department. However, the
	following initial response may be appropriate: cool the cylinder by spraying
	with water only if it is safe to do so; close the cylinder valve to control the fire
	only if it is safe to do so; evacuate the building by activating the fire alarm or
	by any other means; to avoid explosion never move an acetylene cylinder
	involved in a fire or which has been affected by heat from a nearby fire even if
	it seems cooled down
Knowledge and Under	standing (K)
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. job relevant legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the
(Knowledge of the	context company
company /	KA2. key purpose of the organization
organization and	KA3. department structure and hierarchy protocols
its processes)	KA4. work flow and own role in the workflow
	1

KA5. dependencies and interdependencies in the workflow









	KA6. support functions and types of support available for incumbents in this role
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. types of fire extinguishers and their suitable uses in case of gas cutting related
	fires
	KB2. specific safety precautions to be taken when working with oxy-fuel gas cutting
	equipment in a fabrication environment
	Safety precautions: safety from trailing hoses; safety from naked flames;
	appropriate fume and gases extraction/control measures; safety from
	explosive gas mixtures and oxygen enrichment; safety from spatter and hot
	metal (distance, PPE, proper handling and placement); protection from live
	and other electrical components, including insulation, proper earthing, proper
	loading, etc.; adequate lighting protection of self and others from the effects
	of the flame; safety measures for elevated and trench working; gas cylinder
	safety: right color coded; correctly labelled; no leakage; away from heat or
	ignition source; never use hose other than that designed for the specified gas;
	use ferrules or clamps designed for the hose (not ordinary wire or other
	substitute) to connect hoses to fittings; upright position (fuel gas); physical
	care to avoid damage and falls, throws and bumps; move on trolleys, cap
	closed and without regulators; valves closed on empty cylinders
	KB3. personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when working
	with gas cutting equipment
	Personal protective equipment: suitable aprons; gloves; safety boots;
	correctly fitting overalls; suitable eye shields/goggles; respirators
	KB4. hazards associated with carrying out gas cutting activities and how they can
	be minimized
	KB5. safe working practices and procedures for using thermal equipment
	KB6. principles of oxy-fuel gas cutting
	KB7. procedure for obtaining job instructions and other related specifications
	KB8. various types of gas cutting equipment available
	Equipment: hand-held oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment, simple, portable,
	track-driven cutting equipment (electrical or mechanical), fixed bench gas
	cutting equipment
	KB9. various components of the gas cutting equipment
	Components: color coded cylinder oxygen, color coded cylinder acetylene,
	cylinder valve, flashback arrestor, set of nozzles, gas lighter nozzle, cutting
	tips, pressure regulator, pressure gauge, non-return valves, color coded
	flexible hose, trolleys, torches (rose-bud heating, cutting, others)
	KB10. construction of the heating and cutting torch
	KB11. types of oxy-fuel gases such as acetylene, natural gas and propane
	KB12. accessories that can be used with handheld gas cutting equipment to aid
	cutting operations (such as cutting guides, trammels, templates)









CSC/N0201 Perform simple ma	anual cutting on	erations on c	carbon ste	eels using o	xv-fuel gas
-----------------------------	------------------	---------------	------------	--------------	-------------

- Cutting operations: down-hand straight cuts (freehand), making straight cuts (track guided), cutting regular shapes, making angled cuts, beveled edge weld preparations
- KB13. types of regulators such as low- and high-pressure, and single- and two-stage
- KB14. how to identify the gases used in the cutting process, and the color coding of gas cylinders
- KB15. type and thickness of base metals related to nozzle type
- KB16. preparations prior to cutting (including checking connections for leaks, setting gas pressures, setting up the material/workpiece, and checking the cleanliness of materials used)
- KB17. holding methods that are used to aid thermal cutting, and the equipment that can be used
- KB18. correct procedure for lighting, cutting and extinguishing the flame
- KB19. types of flames and their implication for cutting
- KB20. importance of following the correct procedure for lighting, cutting and extinguishing a flame
  - Lighting and cutting procedures: lighting the cutting torch; adjusting gas controls to produce a neutral flame; methods of starting the cut and controlling the cutting speed; direction and angle of cut; procedure for extinguishing the flame
- KB21. problems that can occur with thermal cutting, and how they can be avoided (including causes of distortion during thermal cutting and methods of controlling distortion)
- KB22. effects of oil, grease, scale or dirt on the cutting process
- KB23. gas mixture ratio required to get various flames
- KB24. quality parameters for gas cut materials

  Quality parameters: shape and length of the dragline, smoothness of the sides, sharpness of the top edges, amount of slag adhering to the metal
- KB25. causes of cutting defects, how to recognize them, and methods of correction and prevention
- KB26. importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of activities
- KB27. correct handling and storage of gas cylinders
- KB28. emergency procedures for backfires, flashback and other fires

  Emergencies (safety procedures): sustained backfire in a blowpipe; close the oxygen valve of the blowpipe, followed by the fuel valve and then close both cylinder valves; investigate the cause and rectify the fault; re-light the blowpipe only after it is completely cooled down; flashback into the hose and equipment, or a hose fire or explosion, or a fire at the gas regulator connections; isolate the fuel gas and oxygen supplies by closing the cylinder valves only when this can be done safely: may attempt to control the fire by









CSC/N0201 Perform	simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas
Skills (S)	fire-fighting equipment only when there is no undue risk of personal injury; activate the fire alarm and call for the Fire Services Department as per organizational procedures; fires involving acetylene cylinders: always best dealt with by firemen from the Fire Services Department. However, the following initial response may be appropriate: cool the cylinder by spraying with water only if it is safe to do so; close the cylinder valve to control the fire only if it is safe to do so; evacuate the building by activating the fire alarm or by any other means; to avoid explosion never move an acetylene cylinder involved in a fire or which has been affected by heat from a nearby fire even if it seems cooled down  KB29. how to close down the cutting equipment safely and correctly KB30. purging tools and their function
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification documents, health and safety instructions, memos, etc. applicable to the job in English and/or local language  Writing Skills  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per organizational format in English and/or local language  SA3. undertake numerical operations, geometry and calculations/ formulae (including addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, fractions and decimals, percentages and proportions, simple ratios and averages)  SA4. use appropriate measuring techniques  SA5. apply appropriate degree of accuracy to express numbers  SA6. Units and number systems representing degree of accuracy: decimals places,
	fractions as a decimal quantity
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to: SA7. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language SA8. check and clarify task-related information SA9. liaise with appropriate authorities using correct protocol SA10. communicate with people in respectful form and manner in line with organizational protocol
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	NA









#### **Plan and Organize**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB1. plan, prioritize and sequence work operations as per job requirements
- SB2. organize and analyze information relevant to work
- SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction, efficient material usage and optimization of time

#### **Customer Centricity**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB4. exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during conflict situations
- SB5. avoid and manage distractions to be disciplined at work
- SB6. manage own time for achieving better results
- SB7. work in a team in order to achieve better results
- SB8. identify and clarify work roles within a team
- SB9. communicate and cooperate with others in the team for better results
- SB10. seek assistance from fellow team members

#### **Problem Solving**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB11. identify problems with work planning procedures, output and behavior and their implications
- SB12. prioritize and plan for problem solving
- SB13. communicate problems appropriately to others
- SB14. identify sources of information and support for problem solving
- SB15. seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems
- SB16. identify effective resolution techniques
- SB17. select and apply resolution techniques
- SB18. seek evidence for problem resolution

#### **Analytical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB19. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others
- SB20. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that occur as work progresses
- SB21. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and internal/external customer/supplier relationships
- SB22. enhance one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to achieve more

#### **Critical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

SB23. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development interventions and assessments

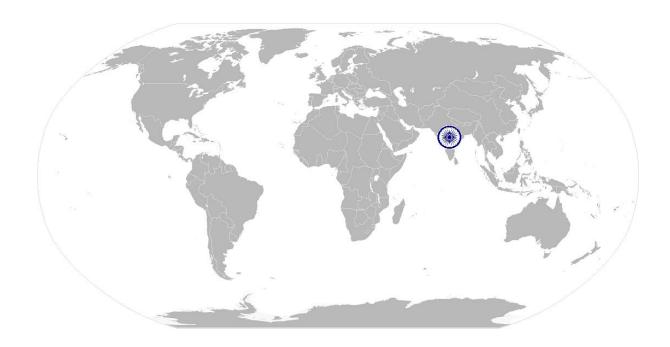








CSC/110201 1 CHOTHIS	simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas
	SB24. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical
	adviser
	SB25. seek to improve and modify own work practices
	SB26. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of
	practice and product/process developments











## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code		CSC/N0201	
Credits	TBD	TBD Version number 1.0	
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics</li> <li>Manufacturing</li> <li>Machinery</li> <li>Textile</li> <li>Manufacturing</li> <li>Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant</li> <li>Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power</li> <li>Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering</li> <li>Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021



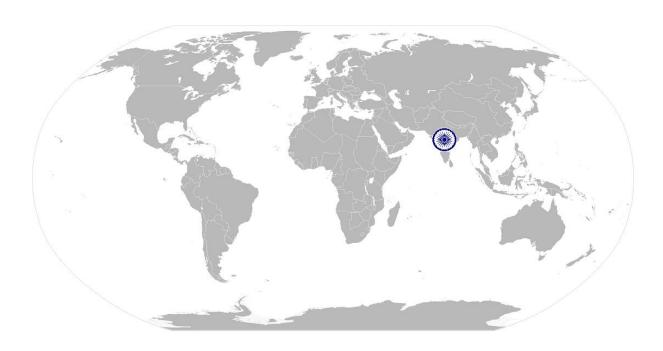






Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

## National Occupational Standard



## **Overview**

This unit covers health, safety and security at the workplace. This includes procedures and practices that candidates need to follow to help maintain a healthy, safe and secure work environment.









## CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

Unit Code	Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace		
Unit Title (Task)			
Description	This OS unit is about knowledge and practices relating to health, safety and securit that candidates need to use in the workplace. It covers responsibilities towards self others, assets and the environment.		
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:		
	Health and safety		
	Fire safety		
	Emergencies, rescue and first-aid procedure		
Performance Criteria(	PC) w.r.t. the Scope		
Element	Performance Criteria		
Health and safety	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to: PC1. use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions Protective clothing: leather or asbestes gloves, flame proof aprons, flame proof overalls buttoned to neck, cuffless (without folds), trousers, reinforced footwear, helmets/hard hats, cap and shoulder covers, ear defenders/plugs, safety boots, knee pads, particle masks, glasses/goggles/visors Equipment: hand shields, machine guards, residual current devices, shields, dust sheets, respirator PC2. state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace PC3. state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace Hazards: sharp edged and heavy tools; heated metals; oxyfuel and gas cylinders; welding radiation; hazardous surfaces(sharp, slippery, uneven, chipped, broken, etc.); hazardous substances(chemicals, gas, oxy-fuel, fumes, dust, etc.); physical hazards(working at heights, large and heavy objects and machines, sharp and piercing objects, tolls and machines, intense light, load noise, obstructions in corridors, by doors, blind turns, noise, over stacked shelves and packages, etc.) electrical hazards (power supply and points, loose and naked cables and wires, electrical machines and appliances, etc.) Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as		









#### CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

PC5.

drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious illness)

carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the

- safety of self and others

  Safe working practices: using protective clothing and equipment; putting up and reading safety signs; handle tools in the correct manner and store and maintain them properly; keep work area clear of clutter, spillage and unsafe object lying casually; while working with electricity take all electrical precautions like insulated clothing, adequate equipment insulation, use of control equipment, dry work area, switch off the power supply when not required, etc.; safe lifting and carrying practices; use equipment that is working properly and is well maintained; take due measures for safety while working in confined places, trenches or at heights, etc. including safety harness, fall arrestors, etc.
- PC6. state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures; using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices (such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from colleagues and supervisors
- PC7. state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace
  General health and safety equipment: fire extinguishers; first aid equipment;
  safety instruments and clothing; safety installations(eg fire exits, exhaust fans)
- PC8. inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use Ladder faults: corrosion of metal components, deterioration, splits and cracks timber components, imbalance, loose rungs, missing/ unfixed nuts or bolts, etc.
  - Ladders set up: firm/level base, clip/lash down, leaning at the correct angle, etc.
- PC9. work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas
- PC10. lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures
- PC11. apply good housekeeping practices at all times

  Good housekeeping practices: clean/tidy work areas, removal/disposal of
  waste products, protect surfaces
- PC12. identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas

  Various areas: on chemical containers; equipment; packages; inside buildings;
  in open areas and public spaces, etc.
- PC13. retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace









CSC/N1335 Use	e basic health and safety practices at the workplace	
	Documents: fire notices, accident reports, safety instructions for equipment	
	and procedures, company notices and documents, legal documents (eg	
	government notices)	
Fire safety	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:	
	PC14. use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires	
	correctly	
	Types of fires: Class A: eg. ordinary solid combustibles, such as wood, paper,	
	cloth, plastic, charcoal, etc.; Class B: flammable liquids and gases, such as	
	gasoline, propane, diesel fuel, tar, cooking oil, and similar substances; Class C	
	eg. electrical equipment such as appliances, wiring, breaker panels, etc.	
	(These categories of fires become Class A, B, and D fires when the electrical	
	equipment that initiated the fire is no longer receiving electricity); Class D:	
	combustible metals such as magnesium, titanium, and sodium (These fires	
	burn at extremely high temperatures and require special suppression agents)	
	PC15. demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard	
	PC16. demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards	
	PC17. demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher	
Emergencies, rescue	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:	
and first-aid	PC18. demonstrate how to free a person n electrocution	
procedures	PC19. administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of	
	bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.	
	PC20. demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging	
	PC21. respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical	
	emergency in real or simulated environments	
	PC22. perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident	
	in real or simulated environments	
	PC23. administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to	
	electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated	
	cases	
	PC24. demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process	
	PC25. participate in emergency procedures	
	Emergency procedures: raising alarm, safe/efficient, evacuation, correct	
	means of escape, correct assembly point, roll call, correct return to work	
	PC26. complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another	
	person, and send report to person responsible	
	Incident Report includes details of: name, date/time of incident, date/time of	
	report, location, environment conditions, persons involved, sequence of	
	events, injuries sustained, damage sustained, actions taken, witnesses,	
	supervisor/manager notified	
	PC27. demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an	









CSC/N1335 Use	SC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace			
	emergency			
Knowledge and Understanding (K)				
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and its processes)  B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. names (and job titles if applicable), and where to find, all the people responsible for health and safety in a workplace  KA2. names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:			
Knowledge	<ul> <li>KB1. meaning of "hazards" and "risks"</li> <li>KB2. health and safety hazards commonly present in the work environment and related precautions</li> <li>KB3. possible causes of risk, hazard or accident in the workplace and why risk and/or accidents are possible</li> <li>KB4. possible causes of risk and accident</li> <li>Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as drunkenness); health hazards (such suntreated injuries and contagious illness)</li> <li>KB5. methods of accident prevention</li> <li>Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures; using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices (such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from colleagues and supervisors</li> <li>KB6. safe working practices when working with tools and machines</li> <li>KB7. safe working practices when working at various hazardous sites</li> <li>KB8. where to find all the general health and safety equipment in the workplace</li> <li>KB9. various dangers associated with the use of electrical equipment</li> <li>KB10. preventative and remedial actions to be taken in the case of exposure to toxic materials</li> <li>Exposure: ingested, contact with skin, inhaled</li> <li>Preventative action: ventilation, masks, protective clothing/ equipment);</li> <li>Remedial action: immediate first aid, report to supervisor</li> <li>Toxic materials: solvents, flux, lead</li> <li>KB11. importance of using protective clothing/equipment while working</li> <li>KB12. precautionary activities to prevent the fire accident</li> <li>KB13. various causes of fire</li> <li>Causes of fires: heating of metal; spontaneous ignition; sparking; electrical heating; loose fires (smoking, welding, etc.); chemical fires; etc.</li> </ul>			









<u> </u>	C/N1335 Use	e basic health and safety practices at the workplace		
		KB14. techniques of using the different fire extinguishers		
		KB15. different methods of extinguishing fire		
		KB16. different materials used for extinguishing fire		
		Materials: sand, water, foam, CO₂, dry powder		
		KB17. rescue techniques applied during a fire hazard		
		KB18. various types of safety signs and what they mean		
		KB19. appropriate basic first aid treatment relevant to the condition eg. shock,		
		electrical shock, bleeding, breaks to bones, minor burns, resuscitation,		
		poisoning, eye injuries		
		KB20. content of written accident report		
		KB21. potential injuries and ill health associated with incorrect manual handing		
		1		
		KB22. safe lifting and carrying practices		
		KB23. personal safety, health and dignity issues relating to the movement of a		
		person by others		
		KB24. potential impact to a person who is moved incorrectly		
Ski	ills (S)			
Α.	Core Skills/	Reading Skills		
	Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
SA1. read and comprehend basic content to read labels, charts, signages SA2. read and comprehend basic English to read manuals of operations				
		SA3. read an accident/incident report in local language or English		
		Writing Skills		
		The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
		SA4. write an accident/incident report in local language or English		
		Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
		The war findividual on the job people to know and understand how to		
The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		SA5. question coworkers appropriately in order to clarify instructions and other		
		issues		
		SA6 give clear instructions to coworkers subordinates others		
_	Duefeed and Chille	SA6. give clear instructions to coworkers, subordinates others		
В.	Professional Skills	SA6. give clear instructions to coworkers, subordinates others  Decision Making		
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
В.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with		
B.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
B.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with		
B.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, laid		
B.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, laid down procedure and guidelines  Plan and Organize		
B.	Professional Skills	Decision Making  The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, laid down procedure and guidelines		









#### CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

Customer	Centricity
----------	------------

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB3. remain congenial while discussing and debating issues with co-workers
- SB4. follow appropriate protocols for communication based on situation, hierarchy, organizational culture and practice
- SB5. ask for, provide and receive required assistance where possible to ensure achievement of work related objectives
- SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance received
- SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow workmanship and authority

#### **Problem Solving**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB8. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an optimum /best possible solution(s)
- SB9. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
- SB10. identify sources of support that can be availed of for problem solving for various kind of problems
- SB11. seek appropriate assistance from or sources to resolve problems
- SB12. report problems that you cannot resolve to appropriate authority

#### **Analytical Thinking**

The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:

- SB13. identify cause and effect relations in their area of work
- SB14. use cause and effect relations to anticipate potential problems and their solution

#### **Critical Thinking**

NA









## Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	CSC/N1335		
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics         Manufacturing         Machinery</li> <li>Textile         Manufacturing         Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant         Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power         Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering         Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021









Work effectively with others

# National Occupational Standard



## **Overview**

This unit covers basic practices that improve effectiveness of working with others in an organizational set-up.









## Work effectively with others

Unit Code	CSC/N1336
Unit Title (Task)	Work effectively with others
Description	This unit covers basic etiquette and competencies that a candidate is required to possess and demonstrate in their behavior and interactions with others at the workplace. These cover areas such as communication etiquette, discipline, listening etc.
Scope	This unit/task covers the following:  • Work effectively with others
Performance Criteria(	PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Work effectively with others	PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required  PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt  PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand  PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible  PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks  PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working  Communication etiquette: do not use abusive language; use appropriate titles and terms of respect; do not eat or chew while talking (vice versa)etc.  PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work  PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism  PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace  Disciplined behaviors: e.g. punctuality; completing tasks as per given time and standards; not gossiping and idling time; eliminating waste, honesty, etc.  PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict
Knowledge and Unde	27.7
A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company /	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:  KA1. legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company relevant to own employment and performance conditions  KA2. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the









CSC/N1336	Work effectively with others		
organization and	work area		
its processes)	KA3. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area		
	KA4. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related		
	issues		
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Knowledge	KB1. various categories of people that one is required to communicate and co-		
	ordinate with in the organization		
	KB2. importance of effective communication in the workplace		
	KB3. importance of teamwork in organizational and individual success		
	KB4. various components of effective communication		
	KB5. key elements of active listening		
	KB6. value and importance of active listening and assertive communication		
	KB7. barriers to effective communication		
	KB8. importance of tone and pitch in effective communication		
	KB9. importance of avoiding casual expletives and unpleasant terms while		
	communicating professional circles		
	KB10. how poor communication practices can disturb people, environment and		
	cause problems for the employee, the employer and the customer		
	KB11. importance of ethics for professional success		
	2. importance of discipline for professional success		
	313. what constitutes disciplined behavior for a working professional		
	B14. common reasons for interpersonal conflict		
	KB15. importance of developing effective working relationships for professional		
	success		
	KB16. expressing and addressing grievances appropriately and effectively		
	KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively		
Skills (S)			
A. Core Skills/	ReadingSkills		
Generic Skills			
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related		
	documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work		
	· ·		
	instructions and records		
	Writing Skills		
	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA3. write clear and legible notes to self, colleagues and seniors to pass messages,		
	keep records, prepare to-do lists, take down instructions		
	SA4. write basic numbers, quantities and work related terminology for operational		
	requirements in the local language		









CSC/N1336	Work effectively with others		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SA5. interact with the supervisor appropriately (correct protocol and manner of speaking) in order to understand the basic requirements of the product, production plans and other associated requirements		
	SA6. give clear instructions to co-workers about the type of output required and answer queries		
	SA7. display active listening skills while interacting with co-workers and other in the workplace		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	NA		
	Plan and organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. use appropriate planning to maintain a smooth relationship with fellow team		
	members		
	SB2. take steps within one's limits of authority to initiate modification in plan if the		
	circumstances require it		
	Customer centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:  SB3. check that work meets customer requirements  SB4. deliver consistent and reliable service to internal and external customers		
	Problem Solving		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB5. work with co-workers and supervisor to resolve any issues that threaten		
	disruption, increase risk, cause delays or under-achievement of quality and		
	targets as per the planned schedule		
	Analytical Thinking		
	NA		
	Critical Thinking		
	NA		









## Work effectively with others

## **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code	CSC/N1336		
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Welding and Cutting	Next review date	24/11/2021



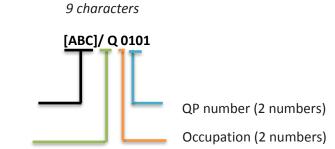




## **Annexure**

### **Nomenclature for QP and NOS**

#### **Qualifications Pack**



[Insert 3 letter codes for SSC]

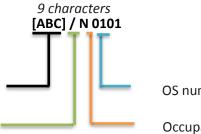
Q denoting Qualifications Pack

## **Occupational Standard**

#### An example of NOS with 'N'

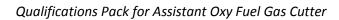


N denoting National Occupational Standard



OS number (2 numbers)

Occupation (2 numbers)







The following acronyms/ codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers
Machine Tools	01-13
Dies, Moulds and Press Tools	01-13
Plastic Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Textile Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Process Plant Machinery	01-13
Electrical and Power Machinery	01-13
Light Engineering Goods	01-13

Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Capital Goods	CSC
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether <b>Q</b> P or NOS	N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01







#### **Criteria For Assessment Of Trainees**

Job Role: Assistant Oxy Fuel Gas Cutter

**Qualification Pack: CSC/Q0201** 

**Sector Skill Council:** Capital Goods Skill Council

#### **Guidelines for Assessment**

- 1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC.
- 2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.
- 3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.
- 4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below).
- 5. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criterion.
- 6. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score a minimum of 70% of aggregate marks to successfully clear the assessment.
- 7. In case of *unsuccessful completion*, the trainee may seek reassessment on the Qualification Pack.

Compulsory NOS Total Marks: 300				Marks Allocation	
Assessment outcomes	Assessment Criteria for outcomes	Total Marks	Out of	Theory	Skills Practical
CSC/N0201 Perform simple manual cutting operations on carbon steels using oxy-fuel gas	PC1.work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines	100	3	1	2
	PC2.take necessary safety precautions for gas cutting operations including equipment, processes and checks		3	1	2
	PC3.interpret cutting procedure data sheets specifications		2	1	1
	PC5.check equipment is calibrated and approved for use		2	0	2
	PC6.check the correct size gas nozzle to the torch		3	1	2
	PC7.ensure preheat and oxygen holes on the tips are clean		2	0	2
	PC8.check that a flashback arrestor is fitted		2	0	2







PC9.set appropriate gas pressures	2	0	2
PC10.use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the flame Lighting	2	0	2
PC11.adjust torch valve for type of flame such as neutral, carburizing and oxidizing	3	1	2
PC12.follow sequence of operations such as pre- heating material and initiating cut	3	1	2
PC13.check if the locations for cutting have been marked out by authorised persons	2	0	2
PC14.use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders	3	1	2
PC15.prepare the work area for the cutting activities	2	0	2
PC16.obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the oxy-fuel gas cutting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition	3	1	2
PC17.check that the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment is set up for the operations to be performed	2	0	2
PC18.adjust cylinder valves and adjust regulator for operating pressure to achieve specifications for required operations	3	0	3
PC19.seek clarification where marking out is not done or is not clear from authorised person	2	0	2
PC20.perform trial cut to check for cut defects	3	1	2
PC21.operate the oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to the dimensions and profiles as per instructions given	5	1	4
PC22.use various oxy-fuel gas lighting and cutting procedures	5	1	4
PC23.perform various cutting operations correctly	4	1	3
PC24.produce thermal cuts in low carbon steel (1.5mm to 10mm thickness)	3	0	3
PC25.produce cut profiles for various type of materials and forms	3	1	2
PC26.produce thermally-cut components which meet specified quality criteria	3	1	2







	PC27.recognize and correct burn back and flashback		2	1	1
	PC28.detect and correct defects in cut		3	1	2
	PC29.ensure the work area is left in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the cutting activities		2	0	2
	PC30.check that the finished components meet the standard required		3	1	2
	PC31.use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the cut material are to the specification		3	1	2
	PC32.identify various cutting defects and follow organisation recommended procedures to address them		3	1	2
	PC33.report any difficulties or problems that may arise with the cutting activities, and carry out any agreed actions		2	0	2
	PC34.detect equipment malfunctions and deal with them appropriately		2	0	2
	PC35.deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve		2	0	2
	PC36.shut down and make safe the cutting equipment on completion of the cutting activities		2	0	2
	PC37. follow standard emergency procedures in case of emergencies		4	2	2
		Total	100	21	79
CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace	PC1.use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions		5	2	3
	PC2.state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC3.state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace	100	3	1	2
	PC4.identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace	100	5	2	3
	PC5.carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others		4	2	2
	PC6.state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role		3	2	1







PC7.state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace	5	2	3
PC8.inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use	5	2	3
PC9.work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas	5	2	3
PC10.lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures	4	2	2
PC11.apply good housekeeping practices at all times	5	2	3
PC12.identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas	3	1	2
PC13.retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace	4	1	3
PC14.use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly	4	1	3
PC15.demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard	3	1	2
PC16.demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards	4	1	3
PC17.demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher	4	1	3
PC18.demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution	4	1	3
PC19.administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.	3	1	2
PC20.demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging	4	1	3
PC21.respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical emergency in real or simulated environments	3	1	2
PC22.perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments	3	1	2
PC23.administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated cases	3	1	2
PC24.demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process	3	2	1
PC25.participate in emergency procedures	2	1	1
PC26.complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another person, and send report to person responsible	3	1	2
report to herson reshousible			







	PC27.demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an emergency		3	1	2
		Total	100	37	63
CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others	PC1.accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required		10	3	7
	PC2.accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt		10	3	7
	PC3.give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand	100	10	3	7
	PC4.display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible		10	3	7
	PC5.consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks		10	3	7
	PC6.display appropriate communication etiquette while working		10	3	7
	PC7.display active listening skills while interacting with others at work		10	3	7
	PC8.use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism		10	3	7
	PC9.demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace		10	3	7
	PC10.escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict		10	3	7
		Total	100	30	70