



## QUALIFICATIONS PACK - OCCUPATIONAL STANDARDS FOR CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRY

#### What are Occupational Standards(OS) ?

OS describe what individuals need to do, know and understand in order to carry out a particular job role or function

OS are performance standards that individuals must achieve when carrying out functions in the workplace, together with specifications of the underpinning knowledge and understanding

#### Contact Us:

Capital Goods Skill Council, C/O Awfis, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, L-29 Outer Circle Connaught Place New Delhi – 110001 E-mail: <u>inder.gahlaut@cgsc.in</u>





# Contents

Introduction and Contacts	1
Qualifications Pack	.2
Glossary of Key Terms	4
OS Units	6
Annexure: Nomenclature for QP & OS	30
Assessment Criteria	32

## Introduction

## **Qualifications Pack- CNC Programmer**

#### SECTOR/S: CAPITAL GOODS

#### SUB-SECTOR:

- 1. Machine Tools
- 2. Dies, Moulds and Press Tools
- 3. Plastics Manufacturing Machinery
- 4. Textile Manufacturing Machinery

**OCCUPATION:** Design

**REFERENCE ID:** CSC/Q0401

ALIGNED TO: NCO-2004/NIL

- 5. Process Plant Machinery
- 6. Electrical and Power Machinery
- 7. Light Engineering Goods

**Brief Job Description:** Produce the component program using manual data input or by use of a remote computer, saving the prepared program on the machine controller from the computer. This involves understanding the CNC machine tools used in the process, their application and programming, editing and proving process, in adequate depth to provide a sound basis for carrying out the activities.

**Personal Attributes:** Basic communication, numerical and computational abilities. Openness to learning, ability to plan and organize own work and identify and solve problems in the course of working. Understanding the need to take initiative and manage self and work to improve efficiency and effectiveness.





	Qualifications Pack Code	CSC/Q0401		
	Job Role	CNC Programmer [Applicable for National Scenarios]		]
ils	Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
eta	Sector	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Job Details	Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
	Occupation	Design	Next review date	24/11/2021
NSQC Clearance on 19/05/2015				

2





Job Role	CNC Programmer	
Role Description	Develops, loads and proves the machine tool programs for computer numerically controlled (CNC) lathes and vertical machining centers using appropriate software, as per approved procedures.	
NSQF level	4	
Minimum Educational Qualifications	Diploma in Mechanical Engineering	
Maximum Educational Qualifications	Not Applicable	
Prerequisite License or Training	CAM (Computer Aided Manufacture) Software for Programming Training	
Minimum Job Entry Age	18 Years	
Experience	Minimum 1 year working with CNC machines	
Applicable National Occupational Standards (NOS)	<ul> <li>Compulsory:</li> <li>1. <u>CSC/N0401 Program computer numerically controlled</u> (CNC) machines</li> <li>2. <u>CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the</u> workplace</li> <li>3. <u>CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others</u></li> </ul>	
Performance Criteria	As described in the relevant OS units	





Keywords /Terms	Description
Sector	Sector is a conglomeration of different business operations having similar business and interests. It may also be defined as a distinct subset of the economy whose components share similar characteristics and interests.
Sub-sector	Sub-sector is derived from a further breakdown based on the characteristics and interests of its components.
Occupation	Occupation is a set of job roles, which perform similar/ related set of functions in an industry.
Jobrole	Job role defines a unique set of functions that together form a unique employment opportunity in an organisation.
Occupational Standards (OS)	OS specify the standards of performance an individual must achieve when carrying out a function in the workplace, together with the knowledge and understanding they need to meet that standard consistently. Occupational Standards are applicable both in the Indian and global contexts.
Performance Criteria	Performance criteria are statements that together specify the standard of performance required when carrying out a task.
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	NOS are occupational standards which apply uniquely in the Indian context.
Qualifications Pack(QP)	QP comprises the set of OSs, together with the educational, training and other criteria required to perform a job role. A QP is assigned a unique qualifications pack code.
Electives	Electives are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as contributive to specialization in a job role. There may be multiple electives within a QP for each specialized job role. Trainees must select at least one elective for the successful completion of a QP with Electives.
Options	Options are NOS/set of NOS that are identified by the sector as additional skills. There may be multiple options within a QP. It is not mandatory to select any of the options to complete a QP with Options.
Unit Code	Unit code is a unique identifier for an Occupational Standard, which is denoted by an 'N'
Unit Title	Unit title gives a clear overall statement about what the incumbent should be able to do.
Description	Description gives a short summary of the unit content. This would be helpful to anyone searching on a database to verify that this is the appropriate OS they are looking for.
Scope	Scope is a set of statements specifying the range of variables that an individual may have to deal with in carrying out the function which have a critical impact on quality of performance required.
Knowledge and Understanding	Knowledge and understanding are statements which together specify the technical, generic, professional and organisational specific knowledge that an individual need to perform to the required standard.
Organisational Context	Organisational context includes the way the organisation is structured and how it operates, including the extent of operative knowledge managers have of their relevant areas of responsibility.
Technical Knowledge	Technical knowledge is the specific knowledge needed to accomplish





	specific designated responsibilities.
Core Skills/ Generic Skills	Core skills or generic skills are a group of skills that are the key to learning and working in today's world. These skills are typically needed in any work environment in today's world. In the context of the OS, these include communication related skills that are applicable to most job roles.
Keywords/Terms	Description
CNC	Computer Numerically Controlled
NC	Numerically Controlled
VMC	Vertical Machining Center
НМС	Horizonal Machining Center
CAD	Computer Aided Design
2D	2 Dimensional
3D	3 Dimensional
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon Dioxide
CPR	Cardiac Pulmonary Resuscitation
ISO	International Organization For Standardization
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment

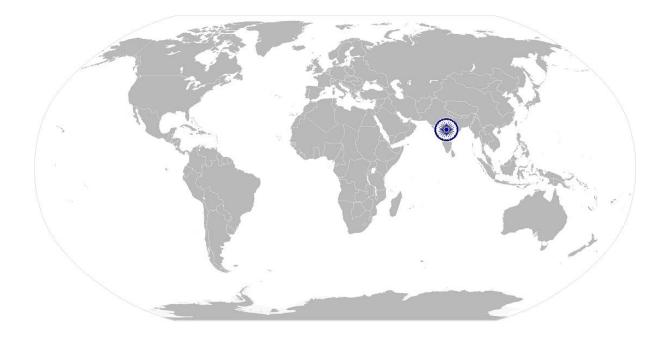






CSC/N0401 Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machine

# National Occupational Standard



### **Overview**

This unit covers how to produce, load and prove the machine tool programs for computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines using appropriate software, as per approved procedures.







#### CSC/N0401 Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines

Unit Code	CSC/N0401
Unit Title (Task)	Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines
Description	This unit covers making programs for and proving out of parts on Computer Numerically Controlled (CNC) lathes and machining centers. Programming can be done manually or using CAM software. The program is transferred to the machine's controller by entering it at the console, transmitting it through a wired link, or copying it through a data storage device like a flash card.
Scope	<ul> <li>This unit/ task covers the following:</li> <li>Work safely</li> <li>Prepare for programming CNC machine for production</li> <li>Carry out programming for CNC machine</li> <li>Test and prove the program on the CNC Machine</li> </ul>
Performance Criteria(I	
Element	Performance Criteria
Work safely	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC1. comply with health and safety, environmental and other relevant regulations and guidelines at work</li> <li>PC2. adhere to procedures and guidelines for personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations while programming CNC machines</li> <li>PC3. work following laid down procedures and instructions</li> <li>PC4. ensure that machine guards are in place and are correctly adjusted</li> <li>PC5. read and understand safety instructions, warning signs on the machine</li> <li>PC6. ensure work area is clean and safe from hazards</li> <li>PC7. ensure that all tools, equipment, power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and usable condition</li> </ul>
Prepare for programming CNC machine for production	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC8. obtain job specification from a valid and approved source</li> <li>Valid sources: job instruction sheet/job card; work drawings and instructions;</li> <li>planning documentation; quality control documents; operation sheets;</li> <li>process specifications; instructions from supervisor</li> <li>PC9. read and establish job requirements from the job specification document</li> <li>accurately</li> <li>Job specification documents: detailed component drawings; approved</li> </ul>
	sketches/illustrations; national, international and organisational standards; reference tables and charts; fabrication/casting drawings; operational







CSC/N0401 Program com	puter numerically controlled (CNC) machines
	diagrams; contractual specifications
	Job requirements: raw materials or components required (type, quality,
	quantity); dimensions; limits and tolerances; surface finish requirements;
	operations required (list, sequence and procedures where applicable); shape
	or profiles to be generated; instruments and tools to be used; form tolerances
	(flatness, concentricity, etc.); cycle time, production rate; projections
	orthographic (first angle, third angle), isometric (including exploded, oblique);
	reference points, lines, edges and surfaces; dimensions (baseline,
	continuous); workholding devices
PC10.	follow job instructions, assembly drawings and laid down procedures at all
	times
PC11.	report and rectify incorrect and inconsistent information in job specification
	documents as per organization procedures
PC12.	use and extract information from reference charts, tables, graphs and
	standards
1	Information pertaining to: tapping sizes and threads; cutting parameters –
The second se	feeds, speed, depth of cut; machining symbols and tolerances
7 D.	prepare the work area as per procedure or operational specification
PC14.	conduct a preliminary check of the readiness of the program so that the CNC
	machine operates correctly
	CNC machines: 2-axis CNC lathes, 3-axis machining centers (VMC, HMC), > 3
	axes machining centers (3/4 axes)
	Checks: ensure that all tool length / wear / radius offsets are correctly
	entered; for finishing operations, adjust offsets to get slightly
<b>3</b>	oversize/undersize dimensions to ensure that the part does not get rejected;
	run the program in dry run mode to ensure that there are no collisions
	between the tool and workpiece / work holding devices; check tool change
	positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and work holding devices;
	ensure that correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the
	program; check if the tool paths are executed safely and correctly; ensure
	that the auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program
	(spindle start/stop, coolant flow, program optional stop); run the program, in
	single block mode wherever necessary; measure the dimensions of the
	component on the machine and make necessary corrections in tool offsets;
	inspect the component for all dimensions and record findings in specified
	formats; make necessary changes in tool length / wear / radius offsets to
	correct dimension errors; run the next component; ensure that all dimensions
	are within specifications; if dimensions are not within specifications, correct
	using appropriate actions; repeat this till parts come within specifications
	without any correction requirement







CSC/N0401 Progra	am computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines
	PC15. determine what operational objectives and targets need to be achieved and
	how best the machine needs to be programmed to achieve this
	CNC programming operations: preparing, loading, storing in appropriate
	format, proving the part program, trial runs
	PC16. extract and use information from engineering drawings and related
	specifications in relation to work undertaken
	PC17. identify tool requirements from tooling layout and assess their suitability
	PC18. identify suitable workholding or fixturing device as per the job requirement
	PC19. ensure the correct and latest part-program is uploaded onto the CNC system
Carry out	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
programming for CNC	PC20. make the CNC program with commands for tool motions, spindle motions,
machine	miscellaneous functions and tool change, in syntax corresponding to the
	machine and control system on which the component will be machined
	PC21. various ways to make CNC program are by writing it on paper or in a
	computer's text editor, or using CAM software or controllers on machine
	Ways: written, directly entered into the machine controller, using computer
	software- CAM software
	PC22. ensure that the part program is efficient and results in minimal cycle time,
	with optimal cutting parameters are o unnecessary tool motions
	PC23. use subprograms and canned cycles, to reduce program size and input time
	and avoid memory overflow on the machine
	PC24. transfer the program to the machine by entering it at the console or
	transmitting it through a wired link or through a data transfer device
	PC25. follow the correct procedures for calling up the program and dealing with any
	error messages or faults
	PC26. handle the typical problems that can occur with the programming, loading
	and editing activities effectively using approved procedures
	PC27. save the proven program in the appropriate storage medium – paper,
	computer hard disk, etc and location
	PC28. complete relevant documentation as per organizational procedure
	PC29. leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the
	activities
Test and prove the	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
Test and prove the program on the CNC	
Machine	PC30. obtain appropriate equipment or tools needed as per job requirements
	PC31. ensure that all measuring equipment is calibrated and approved for usage
	PC32. ensure that the tools and fixtures are in usable condition (eg. free from
	breakage, damage, calibration, etc.)
	PC33. pre-set the tooling appropriately using setting jigs/fixtures
	PC34. seek any necessary instruction/training on the operation of the machine
	where required







CSC/N0401 Program com	puter numerically controlled (CNC) machines
PC35.	mount tools in the correct positions in the tool turret or magazine
PC36.	check that the tools have been mounted in positions corresponding to tool
	numbers in the part program
PC37.	measure tool and work offset data - X and Z offsets for lathes; work offsets,
	length offsets and tool radius for machining centers
PC38.	ensure that the component is free of burrs, chips or other material adhering
	to its butting surfaces
PC39.	mount the part on machine firmly in the specified work holding devices, with
	the appropriate clamping forces
PC40.	enter work offset and tool data on the machine – X and Z offsets, tool
	orientation and nose radius for lathes; length offsets and tool radius for
	machining centers
PC41.	ensure that tool data has been entered in offset number corresponding to the
	tool offset numbers in the part program
	Tool data: tool length and radius/diameter offsets for milling tools; X, Z tool
1 T	offsets for turning tools; tool nose radius for turning tools
PC42.	deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment
PC43.	cut a trial part using single block run, dry run and feed and speed override
	controls
PC44.	edit the program and adjust tool and wear offsets to correct any dimensional
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	errors on the part
PC45.	ensure that the trial part conforms to drawing specifications in terms of
	dimensions, surface finishes and geometrical parameters like concentricity,
	parallelism, runout, etc.
PC46.	hand-over the machine to the machine operator for machining the batch of
	parts, along with relevant instructions and documentation on periodic
	inspection of components, change of worn out tools
PC47.	correct the tool wear offsets whenever required, based on the results of the
	period inspection
PC48.	change worn out tools and indexable inserts whenever required
PC49.	cut a trial part and correct any dimensional inaccuracies by adjusting the tool
	offsets or wear offsets after every change of a worn out tool
PC50.	return worn out cutting tools, workholding device / fixtures / instruments /
	drawings to store
PC51.	ensure that there is no damage to the tool/fixture while doing the prove-out
PC52.	shut down the equipment to a safe condition on conclusion of the activities
PC53.	deal promptly and effectively with problems within span of responsibility and
	control and report those that cannot be solved
Knowledge and Understanding	(К)







#### CSC/N0401 Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines

CSC/N0401 Progra	am computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines
A. Organizational	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Context	KA1. legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company
(Knowledge of the	relevant to own employment and performance conditions
company /	KA2. relevant health and safety requirements applicable in the work place
organization and	KA3. importance of working in clean and safe environment
its processes)	KA4. own job role and responsibilities and sources for information pertaining to
	employment terms, entitlements, job role and responsibilities
	KA5. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the
	work area
	KA6. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area
	KA7. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related
	issues
	KA8. documentation and related procedures applicable in the context of
	employment and work
	KA9 importance and purpose of documentation in context of employment and
	work
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. specific safe working practices, CNC programming procedures and
	environmental regulations that must be observed
	Safe working practices and procedures: use the appropriate reference
	manuals and programming codes to suit the machine controller; use the
	correct and updated version of the program; ensure that tool and work
	offsets are entered correctly; ensure that the program does not result in tool
	collision with the workpiece or work holding devices; ensure that the
	workpiece and tools are clamped firmly; use the correct control program and
	ensure it is correctly loaded into the machine controller; wear personal
	protective equipment (PPE); use correctly fitting overalls, boots and safety
	glasses; ensure that long hair tied back or netted; remove any jewellery or
	other items that can become entangled in the machinery
	KB2. hazards associated with carrying out the machining operations on a CNC
	machine and how can they be minimized
	Hazards: automatic, high speed machine movements; revolving/moving parts
	of machinery; airborne and hot metal particles and fluids; sharp cutting tools;
	parts dropping from material handling devices; burrs and sharp edges on
	component; use of power operated chucks; moving machinery in aisles
	KB3. personal protective equipment to be used during the machining activities on
	a CNC machine and where can it be obtained
	KB4. safety mechanism on the machine and how to check if they are
	functioning properly
	Safety mechanism on the machine: emergency stop button; feed hold button





Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines



#### KB5. types and sources of appropriate job specifications KB6. common terminology used in CNC programming features of produced CNC program Features: program number; program documentation in comments - part number, part name, programmer, date of program, tool names, operation names; motion commands; tool change positioning and command; tool numbers and offset numbers; subprograms and canned cycles; tool nose radius compensation commands; spindle, feed rate and coolant commands KB7. selection of strategies based on material and fixturing, holding and clamping force KB8. the factors which will determine selection and use of tungsten carbide and tips Factors: hardness of the component material; machinability characteristics of the material; tolerances to be achieved; surface finish to be achieved; geometrical accuracies like ovality, straightness and flatness to be achieved; rigidity of work holding KB9. importance of tool selection based on material, finish required and tolerances achieved KB10. importance of cutter engagement and exit KB11. factors affecting tool life KB12. importance and effect of the depth of cut, RPM and feed KB13. how to read and interpret first and third angle component drawings KB14. how to extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications KB15. how to use the function keys and user interface of the machine control system KB16. determination and entry of work and tool offsets, tool wear data KB17. main features and working parts of the CNC machine, and the accessories that can be used CNC machines: 2-axis CNC lathes, 3-axis machining centers (VMC, HMC), > 3 axes machining centers (3/4 axes) KB18. importance of following specified machining sequences and procedures KB19. importance of ensuring suitability of workpieces/materials and consumables for the specified job and related procedures KB20. importance and procedures to ensure that tools and equipment are in a safe and usable condition KB21. various CNC operations that can be performed, and the methods and equipment used KB22. methods of setting the work-holding devices, and the tools and equipment that can be used







CSC/N0401 Progra	am computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines
	KB23. various tool holding devices that are used, and the methods of correctly
	mounting and securing the cutting tools to the tool holders
	KB24. how to set the machine controller in the program and editing mode, and
	enter or download the prepared program
	Mode of machine control: program operating and control buttons
	KB25. automatic tool changers, pallet changers, rotary tables and part auto loaders used
	KB26. how to position and identify the tools in relationship to the operating program
	KB27. function of error messages, and appropriate subsequent action
	KB28. importance of proving the program, how to do it and selecting the correct
	proving tools
	Tools: single block mode, jog, dry run, graphical tool path simulation, search
	facilities, program save/store facilities, edit facilities, spindle speed and feed
	rate override controls, program input facilities – insert, delete, modify, tool
	data input facilities – tool offset, nose radius
	KB29. need for storing program storage devices safely and correctly, away from
	contaminants and electromagnetic sources
	KB30. quality control procedures that are used, inspection checks to be carried out,
	and the equipment that will need to be used
	KB31. importance to report problems in a timely manner
	KB32. importance of writing programs that are easily editable or correctable by the next person
	KB33. methods of checking quality of the shaped components against the required
	quality standards
	KB34. production cost, machine hour rate, raw material cost, tool cost, coolant cost,
	overheads, cycle time, idle time, cost of machine idling, part rejection cost
	KB35. selection of cutting tools, tool materials, chip breaker geometry, selecting
	cutting parameters from tool catalogues, selecting coolant
	KB36. relationship between surface finish, tool nose radius and feed rate
	KB37. impact of depth of cut on chatter, surface finish
	KB38. range of materials used in common engineering applications
	KB39. how to identify materials by their physical properties
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA1. read and interpret information correctly from various job specification
	documents, health and safety instructions, memos, etc. applicable to the job
	in English and/or local language







CSC/N0401 Progra	am computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines		
	Writing Skills		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA2. fill up appropriate technical forms, process charts, activity logs as per		
	organizational format in English and/or local language		
	SA3. undertake numerical computations and calculation		
	Numerical computations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division,		
	fractions and decimals, percentages and proportions, simple ratios and		
	averages, basic algebra and trigonometry		
	SA4. identify and draw various basic, compound and solid shapes as per		
	dimensions given		
	Basic shapes: square, rectangle, triangle, circle, quadrilaterals		
	Compound shapes: involving squares, rectangles, triangles, circles, semi-		
	circles, quadrants of a circle		
	Solid shapes: cube, rectangular prism, cylinder		
	SA5. use appropriate measuring techniques and units of measurement		
	SA6. use appropriate units and number systems to express degree of accuracy		
	Units and number systems representing degree of accuracy: decimals places,		
	significant figures, fractions as a decimal quantity		
	SA7. interpret and express tolerance in terms of limits on dimensions		
	SA8. calculation of the value of angles in a triangle		
	Angles in a triangle: right-angled, isosceles, equilateral, scalene		
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SA9. convey and share technical information clearly using appropriate language		
	SA10. check and clarify task-related information		
	SA11. liaise with appropriate authorities using correct protocol		
	SA12. communicate with people in respectful form and manner in line with		
	organizational protocol		
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making		
	NA		
	Plan and Organize		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB1. plan, prioritize and sequence work operations as per job requirements		
	SB2. organize and analyze information relevant to work		
	SB3. basic concepts of shop-floor work productivity including waste reduction,		
	efficient material usage and optimization of time		
	Customer Centricity		
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:		
	SB4. exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during conflict situations		
	SBT. Exercise restraint while expressing dissent and during connict situations		







CSC/N0401 Prog	gram computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines
	SB5. avoid and manage distractions to be disciplined at work
	SB6. manage own time for achieving better results
	SB7. work in a team in order to achieve better results
	SB8. identify and clarify work roles within a team
	SB9. communicate and cooperate with others in the team for better results
	SB10. seek assistance from fellow team members
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB11. identify problems with work planning, procedures, output and behavior and their implications
	SB12. prioritize and plan for problem solving
	SB13. communicate problems appropriately to others
	SB14. identify sources of information and support for problem solving
	SB15. seek assistance and support from other sources to solve problems
	SB16. identify effective resolution techniques
	SB17. select and apply resolution techniques
	SB18. seek evidence for problem resolution
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB19. undertake and express new ideas and initiatives to others
	SB20. modify work plan to overcome unforeseen difficulties or developments that
	occur as work progresses
	SB21. participate in improvement procedures including process, quality and
	internal/external customer/supplier relationships
	SB22. enhance one's competencies in new and different situations and contexts to
	achieve more
	Critical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB23. participate in on-the-job and other learning, training and development
	interventions and assessments
	SB24. clarify task related information with appropriate personnel or technical
	adviser
	SB25. seek to improve and modify own work practices
	SB26. maintain current knowledge of application standards, legislation, codes of
	practice and product/process developments







#### CSC/N0401 **Program computer numerically controlled (CNC) machines**

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code		CSC/N0401	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics         <ul> <li>Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile</li> <li>Manufacturing Machinery</li> </ul> </li> <li>Frocess Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Design	Next review date	24/11/2021

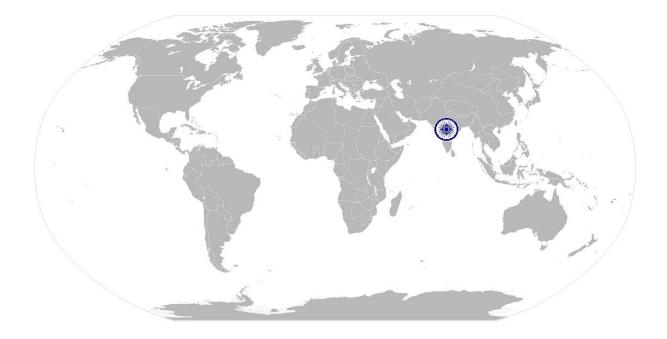






CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

# National Occupational Standard



### **Overview**

This unit covers health, safety and security at the workplace. This includes procedures and practices that candidates need to follow to help maintain a healthy, safe and secure work environment.







#### Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace CSC/N1335

Unit Code	CSC/N1335
Unit Title (Task)	Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace
Description Stand	This OS unit is about knowledge and practices relating to health, safety and security that candidates need to use in the workplace. It covers responsibilities towards self, others, assets and the environment.
Onit Title (Task)         Description         Scope         Performance Cri         Element         Health and safet	<ul> <li>This unit/task covers the following:</li> <li>Health and safety</li> <li>Fire safety</li> <li>Emergencies, rescue and first-aid procedure</li> </ul>
Performance Cri	teria(PC) w.r.t. the Scope
Element	Performance Criteria
Health and safet	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC1. use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions Protective clothing: leather or asbestos gloves, flame proof aprons, flame proof overalls buttoned to neck, cuttess (without folds), trousers, reinforced footwear, helmets/hard hats, cap and shoulder covers, ear defenders/plugs, safety boots, knee pads, particle masks, glasses/goggles/visors Equipment: hand shields, machine guards, residual current devices, shields, dust sheets, respirator</li> <li>PC2. state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace</li> <li>PC3. state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace</li> <li>PC4. identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace</li> <li>Hazards: sharp edged and heavy tools; heated metals; oxy fuel and gas cylinders; welding radiation; hazardous substances (chemicals, gas, oxy-fuel, fumes, dust, etc.); physical hazards (working at heights, large and heavy objects and machines, sharp and piercing objects, tolls and machines, intense light, load noise, obstructions in corridors, by doors, blind turns, noise, over stacked shelves and packages, etc.) electrical hazards (power supply and points, loose and naked cables and wires, electrical machines and appliances, etc.) Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious</li> </ul>







CSC/N1335	Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace
	illness)
	PC5. carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the
	safety of self and others
	Safe working practices: using protective clothing and equipment; putting up
	and reading safety signs; handle tools in the correct manner and store and
	maintain them properly; keep work area clear of clutter, spillage and unsafe
	object lying casually; while working with electricity take all electrical
	precautions like insulated clothing, adequate equipment insulation, use of
	control equipment, dry work area, switch off the power supply when not
	required, etc.; safe lifting and carrying practices; use equipment that is
	working properly and is well maintained; take due measures for safety while
	working in confined places, trenches or at heights, etc. including safety
	harness, fall arrestors, etc.
	PC6. state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role
	Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures;
	using health and safety procedures; use of equipment and working practices
	(such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from
	colleagues and supervisors
	PC7. state location of general health an state of the workplace
	General health and safety equipment: fire extinguishers; first aid equipment;
	safety instruments and clothing; safety installations (eg fire exits, exhaust
	fans)
	PC8. inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use
	Ladder faults: corrosion of metal components, deterioration, splits and cracks
	timber components, imbalance, loose rungs, missing/ unfixed nuts or bolts,
	etc.
	Ladders set up: firm/level base, clip/lash down, leaning at the correct angle,
	PC9. work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas
	PC10. lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures
	PC10. apply good housekeeping practices at all times
	Good housekeeping practices: clean/tidy work areas, removal/disposal of
	waste products, protect surfaces PC12. identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas
	Various areas: on chemical containers; equipment; packages; inside buildings;
	in open areas and public spaces, etc.
	PC13. retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the
	workplace
	Documents: fire notices, accident reports, safety instructions for equipment
	and procedures, company notices and documents, legal documents (eg







	government notices)
Fire safety	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
	PC14. use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly
	Types of fires: Class A: eg. ordinary solid combustibles, such as wood, paper,
	cloth, plastic, charcoal, etc.; Class B: flammable liquids and gases, such as
	gasoline, propane, diesel fuel, tar, cooking oil, and similar substances; Class C
	eg. electrical equipment such as appliances, wiring, breaker panels, etc.
	(These categories of fires become Class A, B, and D fires when the electrical
	equipment that initiated the fire is no longer receiving electricity); Class D:
	combustible metals such as magnesium, titanium, and sodium (These fires
	burn at extremely high temperatures and require special suppression agents
	PC15. demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard
	PC16. demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards
	PC17. demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher
Emergencies, rescue	To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:
and first-aid	PC18. demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution
orocedures	PC19. administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of
	bleeding, burns, choking, electric stock, poisoning etc.
	PC20. demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging
	PC21. respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical
	emergency in real or simulated environments
	PC22. perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident
	in real or simulated environments
	PC23. administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due t
	electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated
	cases
	PC24. demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process
	PC25. participate in emergency procedures
	Emergency procedures: raising alarm, safe/efficient, evacuation, correct
	means of escape, correct assembly point, roll call, correct return to work
	PC26. complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another
	person, and send report to person responsible
	Incident Report includes details of: name, date/time of incident, date/time of
	report, location, environment conditions, persons involved, sequence of
	events, injuries sustained, damage sustained, actions taken, witnesses,
	supervisor/manager notified
	PC27. demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an
	emergency







A. Organizational The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:		
Context	KA1. names (and job titles if applicable), and where to find, all the people	
(Knowledge of the	responsible for health and safety in a workplace	
company /	KA2. names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the	
organization and its processes)	workplace	
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:	
Knowledge	KB1. meaning of "hazards" and "risks"	
	KB2. health and safety hazards commonly present in the work environment and	
	related precautions	
	KB3. possible causes of risk, hazard or accident in the workplace and why risk	
	and/or accidents are possible	
	KB4. possible causes of risk and accident	
	Possible causes of risk and accident: physical actions; reading; listening to and	
	giving instructions; inattention; sickness and incapacity (such as	
	drunkenness); health hazards (such as untreated injuries and contagious	
	illness)	
	KB5. methods of accident prevention	
	Methods of accident prevention: training in health and safety procedures;	
	using health and safety procedures, use of equipment and working practices	
	(such as safe carrying procedures); safety notices, advice; instruction from	
	colleagues and supervisors	
	KB6. safe working practices when working with tools and machines	
	KB7. safe working practices while working at various hazardous sites	
	KB8. where to find all the general health and safety equipment in the workplace	
	KB9. various dangers associated with the use of electrical equipment	
	KB10. preventative and remedial actions to be taken in the case of exposure to toxic	
	materials	
	Exposure: ingested, contact with skin, inhaled	
	Preventative action: ventilation, masks, protective clothing/ equipment);	
	Remedial action: immediate first aid, report to supervisor	
	Toxic materials: solvents, flux, lead	
	KB11. importance of using protective clothing/equipment while working	
	KB12. precautionary activities to prevent the fire accident	
	KB13. various causes of fire	
	Causes of fires: heating of metal; spontaneous ignition; sparking; electrical	
	heating; loose fires (smoking, welding, etc.); chemical fires; etc.	
	KB14. techniques of using the different fire extinguishers	
	KB15. different methods of extinguishing fire	
	KB16. different materials used for extinguishing fire	
	Materials: sand, water, foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , dry powder	







CSC/N1335 Use	basic health and safety practices at the workplace	
	KB17. rescue techniques applied during a fire hazard	
	KB18. various types of safety signs and what they mean	
	KB19. appropriate basic first aid treatment relevant to the condition eg. shock,	
	electrical shock, bleeding, breaks to bones, minor burns, resuscitation,	
	poisoning, eye injuries	
	KB20. content of written accident report	
	KB21. potential injuries and ill health associated with incorrect manual handing	
	KB22. safe lifting and carrying practices	
	KB23. personal safety, health and dignity issues relating to the movement of a	
	person by others	
	KB24. potential impact to a person who is moved incorrectly	
Skills (S)		
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills	
Generic Skills	The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA1. read and comprehend basic content to read labels, charts, signages	
	SA2. read and comprehend basic English to read manuals of operations	
	SA3. read an accident/incident report in local language or English	
	Writing Skills	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA4. write an accident/incident report in local language or English	
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SA5. question coworkers appropriately in order to clarify instructions and other issues	
	SA6. give clear instructions to coworkers, subordinates others	
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB1. make appropriate decisions pertaining to the concerned area of work with	
	respect to intended work objective, span of authority, responsibility, laid	
	down procedure and guidelines	
	Plan and Organize	
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	
	SB2. plan and organize their own work schedule, work area, tools, equipment and	
	materials to maintain decorum and for improved productivity	
	Customer Centricity	
	Customer Centricity The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:	







CSC/N1335 Us	e basic health and safety practices at the workplace
	SB4. follow appropriate protocols for communication based on situation, hierarchy
	organizational culture and practice
	SB5. ask for, provide and receive required assistance where possible to ensure
	achievement of work related objectives
	SB6. thank coworkers for any assistance received
	SB7. offer appropriate respect based on mutuality and respect for fellow
	workmanship and authority
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB8. think through the problem, evaluate the possible solution(s) and suggest an
	optimum /best possible solution(s)
	SB9. identify immediate or temporary solutions to resolve delays
	SB10. identify sources of support that can be availed of for problem solving for
	various kind of problems
	SB11. seek appropriate assistance from other sources to resolve problems
	SB12. report problems that you cannot resolve to appropriate authority
	Analytical Thinking
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB13. identify cause and effect relations in their area of work
	SB14. use cause and effect relations to anticipate potential problems and their solution
	Critical Thinking
	NA
$\mathcal{A}$	E
	e la

L.







### CSC/N1335 Use basic health and safety practices at the workplace

# **NOS Version Control**

NOS Code		CSC/N1335	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics</li> <li>Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Design	Next review date	24/11/2021

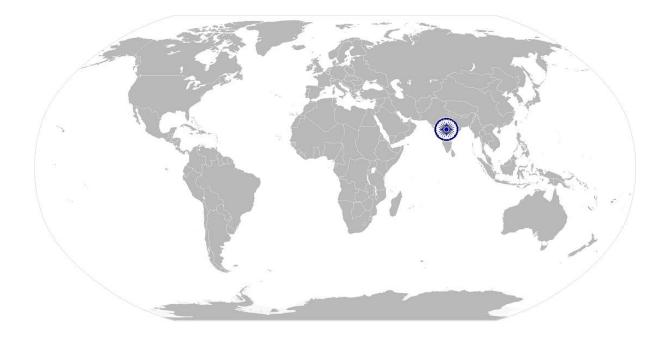






Work effectively with others

# National Occupational Standard



#### **Overview**

This unit covers basic practices that improve effectiveness of working with others in an organizational set-up.







### Work effectively with others

	Unit Code	CSC/N1336
	Unit Title (Task)	Work effectively with others
	Description	This unit covers basic etiquette and competencies that a candidate is required to possess and demonstrate in their behavior and interactions with others at the workplace. These cover areas such as communication etiquette, discipline, listening etc.
Scope         This unit/task covers the following:           •         Work effectively with others		
	Performance Criteria (PC) w.r.t. the Scope	
	Element	Performance Criteria
	Work effectively with others	<ul> <li>To be competent, the user/individual on the job must be able to:</li> <li>PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required</li> <li>PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt</li> <li>PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand</li> <li>PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible</li> <li>PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks</li> <li>PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working</li> <li>Communication etiquette: do not use abusive language; use appropriate titles and terms of respect; do not eat or chew while talking (vice versa) etc.</li> <li>PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work</li> <li>PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism</li> <li>PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace Disciplined behaviors: e.g. punctuality; completing tasks as per given time and standards; not gossiping and idling time; eliminating waste, honesty, etc.</li> <li>PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure</li> </ul>
		to resolve them and avoid conflict
	Knowledge and Unders	tanding (K)
	A. Organizational Context (Knowledge of the company / organization and	<ul> <li>The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:</li> <li>KA1. legislation, standards, policies, and procedures followed in the company relevant to own employment and performance conditions</li> <li>KA2. reporting structure, inter-dependent functions, lines and procedures in the</li> </ul>







CSC/N1336	Work effectively with others
its processes)	work area
	KA3. relevant people and their responsibilities within the work area
	KA4. escalation matrix and procedures for reporting work and employment related
	issues
B. Technical	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand:
Knowledge	KB1. various categories of people that one is required to communicate and co-
	ordinate with in the organization
	KB2. importance of effective communication in the workplace
	KB3. importance of teamwork in organizational and individual success
	KB4. various components of effective communication
	KB5. key elements of active listening
	KB6. value and importance of active listening and assertive communication
	KB7. barriers to effective communication
	KB8. importance of tone and pitch in effective communication
	KB9. importance of avoiding casual expletives and unpleasant terms while
	communicating professional circles
	KB10. how poor communication practices can disturb people, environment and
	cause problems for the employee, the employer and the customer
	KB11. importance of ethics for professional uccess
	KB12. importance of discipline for professional success
	KB13. what constitutes disciplined behavior for a working professional
	KB14. common reasons for interpersonal conflict
	KB15. importance of developing effective working relationships for professional
	success
	KB16. expressing and addressing grievances appropriately and effectively
	KP17 importance and ways of managing internetsenal conflict effectively
	KB17. importance and ways of managing interpersonal conflict effectively
Skills (S)	
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1.       read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1.       read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1.       read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language         SA2.       read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language         SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1.       read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language         SA2.       read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records         Writing Skills       The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1. read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language         SA2. read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records         Writing Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA3. write clear and legible notes to self, colleagues and seniors to pass messages,
A. Core Skills/	Reading Skills         The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:         SA1.       read basic terms and terminologies to accurately interpret work related documents, labels, supervisor instructions in the local language         SA2.       read and interpret accurate information from various relevant work instructions and records         Writing Skills       The user/ individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:







CSC/N1336	Work effectively with others
	Oral Communication (Listening and Speaking skills)
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SA5. interact with the supervisor appropriately (correct protocol and manner of
	speaking) in order to understand the basic requirements of the product,
	production plans and other associated requirements
	SA6. give clear instructions to co-workers about the type of output required and answer queries
	SA7. display active listening skills while interacting with co-workers and other in
	the workplace
B. Professional Skills	Decision Making
	NA
	Plan and organize
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB1. use appropriate planning to maintain a smooth relationship with fellow team
	members
	SB2. take steps within one's limits of authority to initiate modification in plan if the
	circumstances require it
	Customer centricity
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB3. check that work meets customer requirements
	SB4. deliver consistent and reliable service to internal and external customers
	Problem Solving
	The user/individual on the job needs to know and understand how to:
	SB5. work with co-workers and supervisor to resolve any issues that threaten
disruption, increase risk, cause delays or under-achievement of quality and	
targets as per the planned schedule	
	Analytical Thinking
	NA
	Critical Thinking
	NA







Work effectively with others

# **NOS Version Control**

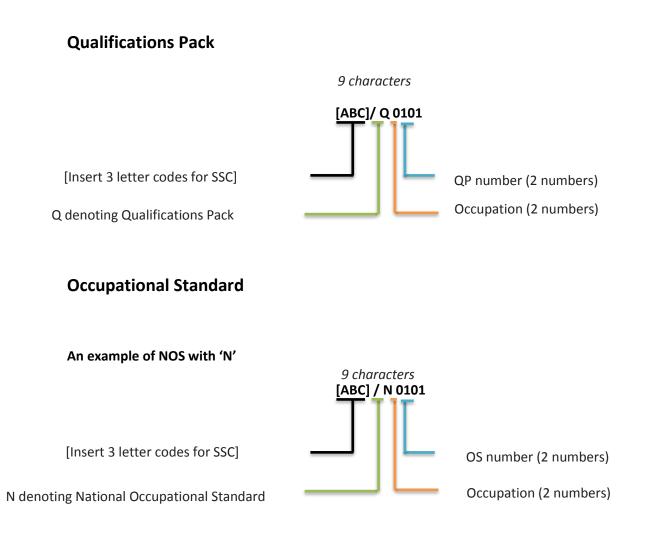
NOS Code		CSC/N1336	
Credits	TBD	Version number	1.0
Industry	Capital Goods	Drafted on	10/04/2014
Industry Sub-sector	<ol> <li>Machine Tools</li> <li>Dies, Moulds and Press Tools</li> <li>Plastics Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Textile Manufacturing Machinery</li> <li>Process Plant Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Electrical and Power Machinery</li> <li>Light Engineering Goods</li> </ol>	Last reviewed on	24/11/2017
Occupation	Design	Next review date	24/11/2021





### **Annexure**

#### Nomenclature for QP and NOS



Back to top...





The following acronyms/ codes have been used in the nomenclature above:

Sub-sector	Range of Occupation numbers
Machine Tools	01-13
Dies, Moulds and Press Tools	01-13
Plastic Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Textile Manufacturing Machinery	01-13
Process Plant Machinery	01-13
Electrical and Power Machinery	01-13
Light Engineering Goods	01-13

Sequence	Description	Example
Three letters	Capital Goods	CSC
Slash	/	/
Next letter	Whether <b>Q</b> P or <b>N</b> OS	N
Next two numbers	Occupation code	01
Next two numbers	OS number	01





#### **Criteria For Assessment Of Trainees**

Job Role: CNC Programmer

Qualification Pack: CSC/Q0401

#### Sector Skill Council: Capital Goods Skill Council

#### **Guidelines for Assessment**

1. Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC.

2. The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC.

3. Assessment will be conducted for all compulsory NOS, and where applicable, on the selected elective/option NOS/set of NOS.

4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below).

5. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criterion.

6. To pass the Qualification Pack , every trainee should score a minimum of 70% of aggregate marks to successfully clear the assessment.

7. In case of *unsuccessful completion*, the trainee may seek reassessment on the Qualification Pack.

Compulsory NOS Total Marks: 300				Marks A	llocation
Assessment outcomes	Assessment Criteria for outcomes	Total Marks	Out of	Theory	Skills Practical
CSC/N0401 Program computer	PC1.comply with health and safety, environmental and other relevant regulations and guidelines at work	100	3	1	2
numerically controlled (CNC) machines	ntrolled protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety		3	1	2
	PC3.work following laid down procedures and instructions	1	1	0	1
	PC4.ensure that machine guards are in place and are correctly adjusted		1	0	1
	PC5.read and understand safety instructions, warning signs on the machine		1	0	1
	PC6.ensure work area is clean and safe from hazards		1	0	1
	PC7.ensure that all tools, equipment, power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and usable condition		1	0	1





PC8.obtain job specification from a valid and approved source	1	0	1
PC9.read and establish job requirements from the job specification document accurately	2	1	1
PC10.follow job instructions, assembly drawings and laid down procedures at all times	2	1	1
PC11.report and rectify incorrect and inconsistent information in job specification documents as per organization procedures	2	1	1
PC12.use and extract information from reference charts, tables, graphs and standards	2	1	1
PC13.prepare the work area as per procedure or operational specification	1	0	1
PC14.conduct a preliminary check of the readiness of the program so that the CNC machine operates correctly	2	0	2
PC15.determine what operational objectives and targets need to be achieved and how best the machine needs to be programmed to achieve this	2	1	1
PC16.extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications in relation to work undertaken	3	1	2
PC17.identify tool requirements from tooling layout and assess their suitability	3	1	2
PC18.identify suitable workholding or fixturing device as per the job requirement	2	0	2
PC19.ensure the correct and latest part-program is uploaded onto the CNC system	2	0	2
PC20.make the CNC program with commands for tool motions, spindle motions, miscellaneous functions and tool change, in syntax corresponding to the machine and control system on which the component will be machined	3	1	2
PC21. make CNC program are by writing it on paper or in a computer's text editor, or using CAM software or controllers on machine	3	1	2
PC22.ensure that the part program is efficient and results in minimal cycle time, with optimal cutting parameters and no unnecessary tool motions	2	0	2
PC23.use subprograms and canned cycles, to reduce program size and input time and avoid memory overflow on the machine	2	0	2
PC24.transfer the program to the machine by entering it at the console or transmitting it through a wired link or through a data transfer device	2	0	2





PC25.follow the correct procedures for calling up the program and dealing with any error messages or faults	1	0	1
PC26.handle the typical problems that can occur with the programming, loading and editing activities effectively using approved procedures	1	0	1
PC27.save the proven program in the appropriate storage medium – paper, computer hard disk, etc and location	1	0	1
PC28.complete relevant documentation as per organizational procedure	1	0	1
PC29.leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the activities	1	0	1
PC30.obtain appropriate equipment or tools needed as per job requirements	3	1	2
PC31.ensure that all measuring equipment is calibrated and approved for usage	1	0	1
PC32.ensure that the tools and fixtures are in usable condition (eg. free from breakage, damage, calibration, etc.)	1	0	1
PC33.pre-set the tooling appropriately using setting jigs/fixtures	3	1	2
PC34.seek any necessary instruction/training on the operation of the machine where required	1	0	1
PC35.mount tools in the correct positions in the tool turret or magazine	3	1	2
PC36.check that the tools have been mounted in positions corresponding to tool numbers in the part program	2	1	1
PC37.measure tool and work offset data - X and Z offsets for lathes; work offsets, length offsets and tool radius for machining centers	3	1	2
PC38.ensure that the component is free of burrs, chips or other material adhering to its butting surfaces	1	0	1
PC39.mount the part on machine firmly in the specified work holding devices, with the appropriate clamping forces	2	0	2
PC40.enter work offset and tool data on the machine – X and Z offsets, tool orientation and nose radius for lathes; length offsets and tool radius for machining centers	3	1	2
PC41.ensure that tool data has been entered in offset number corresponding to the tool offset numbers in the part program	2	1	1
PC42.deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment	2	1	1





	PC43.cut a trial part using single block run, dry run and feed		2	1	1
	and speed override controls				
	PC44.edit the program and adjust tool and wear offsets to correct any dimensional errors on the part		2	1	1
	PC45.ensure that the trial part conforms to drawing specifications in terms of dimensions, surface finishes and geometrical parameters like concentricity, parallelism, runout, etc.		2	1	1
	PC46.hand-over the machine to the machine operator for machining the batch of parts, along with relevant instructions and documentation on periodic inspection of components, change of worn out tools		2	1	1
	PC47.correct the tool wear offsets whenever required, based on the results of the period inspection	-	2	1	1
	PC48.change worn out tools and indexable inserts whenever required		2	1	1
	PC49.cut a trial part and correct any dimensional inaccuracies by adjusting the tool offsets or wear offsetsafter every change of a worn out tool		1	0	1
	PC50.return worn out cutting tools, workholding device / fixtures / instruments / drawings to store		2	0	2
	PC51.ensure that there is no damage to the tool/fixture while doing the prove-out		2	0	2
	PC52.shut down the equipment to a safe condition on conclusion of the activities		2	0	2
	PC53.deal promptly and effectively with problems within span of responsibility and control and report those that cannot be solved		2	0	2
		Total	100	25	75
CSC/N1335 Use basic health	PC1.use protective clothing/equipment for specific tasks and work conditions	100	4	1	3
and safety practices at the workplace	PC2.state the name and location of people responsible for health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC3.state the names and location of documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace		3	1	2
	PC4.identify job-site hazardous work and state possible causes of risk or accident in the workplace		5	2	3
	1	1	1	1	1





PC5.carry out safe working practices while dealing with hazards to ensure the safety of self and others	4	2	2
PC6.state methods of accident prevention in the work environment of the job role	3	2	1
PC7.state location of general health and safety equipment in the workplace	5	2	3
PC8.inspect for faults, set up and safely use steps and ladders in general use	5	2	3
PC9.work safely in and around trenches, elevated places and confined areas	5	2	3
PC10.lift heavy objects safely using correct procedures	4	2	2
PC11.apply good housekeeping practices at all times	5	2	3
PC12.identify common hazard signs displayed in various areas	3	1	2
PC13.retrieve and/or point out documents that refer to health and safety in the workplace	4	1	3
PC14.use the various appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires correctly	3	1	2
PC15.demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard	3	1	2
PC16.demonstrate good housekeeping in order to prevent fire hazards	4	1	3
PC17.demonstrate the correct use of a fire extinguisher	4	1	3
PC18.demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution	4	1	3
PC19.administer appropriate first aid to victims where required eg. in case of bleeding, burns, choking, electric shock, poisoning etc.	3	1	2
PC20.demonstrate basic techniques of bandaging	3	1	2
PC21.respond promptly and appropriately to an accident situation or medical emergency in real or simulated environments	3	1	2
PC22.perform and organize loss minimization or rescue activity during an accident in real or simulated environments	3	1	2
PC23.administer first aid to victims in case of a heart attack or cardiac arrest due to electric shock, before the arrival of emergency services in real or simulated cases	3	1	2





	PC24.demonstrate the artificial respiration and the CPR Process		3	1	2
	PC25.participate in emergency procedures	4	4	1	3
	PC26.complete a written accident/incident report or dictate a report to another person, and send report to person responsible		3	1	2
	PC27.demonstrate correct method to move injured people and others during an emergency		4	2	2
		Total	100	36	64
CSC/N1336 Work effectively with others	PC1. accurately receive information and instructions from the supervisor and fellow workers, getting clarification where required	100	10	3	7
	PC2. accurately pass on information to authorized persons who require it and within agreed timescale and confirm its receipt	10 10 10	3	7	
	PC3. give information to others clearly, at a pace and in a manner that helps them to understand		3	7	
	PC4. display helpful behavior by assisting others in performing tasks in a positive manner, where required and possible		10	3	7
	PC5. consult with and assist others to maximize effectiveness and efficiency in carrying out tasks	-	10	3	7
	PC6. display appropriate communication etiquette while working	10 10 10	3	7	
	PC7. display active listening skills while interacting with others at work		3	7	
	PC8. use appropriate tone, pitch and language to convey politeness, assertiveness, care and professionalism		10	3	7
	PC9. demonstrate responsible and disciplined behaviors at the workplace		10	3	7
	PC10. escalate grievances and problems to appropriate authority as per procedure to resolve them and avoid conflict		10	3	7
		Total	100	30	70